

## LAW MAKERS

### Meet in Extra Session At Columbus.

### Gov. Urges Repeal of Royer Act and Enactment of "Code."

### THE MESSAGE IS VERY SHORT.

### Honors Shown the New Lieutenant Governor Harry B. Gordon of Cincinnati—Opening of the Extraordinary Session—To Adjourn Out of Respect to Wm. Bell, Jr.

Columbus, Aug. 25.—Both branches of the Ohio General Assembly were called to order in special session at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. In the senate much interest was manifested in the first official appearance of Lieut. Governor Harry B. Gordon, of Cincinnati, who was appointed by Governor Nash since the adjournment of the regular session to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Lieut. Governor Nippert. Friends of the new presiding officer of the Senate had indicated their good wishes by ornamenting his desk with a very handsome assortment of cut flowers and the desks of some of the senators were similarly favored. Lieut. Governor Gordon took his seat beside President pro tem Archer, who in a few well chosen words did the honors of a formal introduction to his fellow senators. Mr. Gordon responded in a happy vein, asking the indulgence of his hearers in the labors to be performed at the extra session and pledging his own best efforts to facilitate business and promote friendly as well as official relations in the body over which he had the honor to preside. He made a very favorable impression and was roundly applauded at the conclusion of his remarks. Thereupon the senate resumed its normal condition.

In the House Speaker McKinnon called the representatives to order in perfunctory style. There was a crush of sight seers and not a little disorder. In both houses the usual committees were appointed to wait upon the governor and inform him that each was prepared to receive any communication he might have to make, and in response thereto at 3 o'clock Private Secretary Sinks appeared with the Governor's message convening the two bodies in special session. It was read as follows:

#### GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

To the Seventy-Fifth General Assembly.

You have assembled upon the proclamation of the Governor. It is now my duty to state to you the purpose for which you have been convened.

1. On the 12th day of May, 1902, a bill became a law, entitled, "An act to amend section 6710 (as amended 93 O. L. 255), of the Revised Statutes of Ohio." Since that time this law has passed under the scrutiny of the Supreme Court and that tribunal found that it had been deprived of nearly all the appellate jurisdiction formerly possessed by it. If this act is permitted to stand, it will take from the people the right to have a large percentage of their civil cases reviewed on error by the highest court. I am informed, and I am constrained to believe, that it was not your wish, nor your intention, to do this. The error should be remedied as speedily as possible. I therefore recommend that the act of May 12th, 1902, above referred to, be repealed, and such additional legislation had as is necessary to restore to said court the jurisdiction which it possessed before the passage of said act, and to restore to litigants the same rights they would have had if said act had never been enacted.

2. During the last days of June the Supreme Court of the State handed down several decisions, which practically deprive our municipal corpora-

tions of all government. It is apparent that this is an extraordinary occasion which needs a remedy at the earliest possible moment. Constitutional government must be restored to our cities and villages. The labor, demanded of us is not so much a work of construction as of readjustment. The question now is, not what we think would be a "model" municipal government, but what we can get, considering the constitutional limitations, and all the circumstances surrounding us. The task must be approached with a spirit of "give and take" and with a determination to accomplish something which will bring order out of chaos. It is time enough to attempt to have our favorite ideas in regard to municipalities incorporated into law after order has been restored and when the General Assembly has ample time, at its regular session, to discuss and consider them.

Perhaps it will be beneficial in our work to recall, in a brief way, the history of municipalities and their government in Ohio. Under the old constitution, the General Assembly was left free to provide for any city or village such government as it might wish. As a result they were given special charters, each differing from the other in many important particulars. Fifty years of experience demonstrated that this system was full of wrongs. The subject was carefully considered by the convention which made the constitution of 1851. The result of their labors was article 13 of that constitution, section 1 of which provides, "The General Assembly shall pass no special act conferring corporate powers," and section 6 of which reads, "The General Assembly shall provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages by general laws, and restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts, and loaning their credit, so as to prevent the abuse of such powers." These plain words indicate that the intention of the constitution is to command the General Assembly to provide for the government of cities by uniform and general laws. This command was fairly well obeyed for several years. Then, what seemed to be the wants and demands of the people caused a resort to various modes of classification. These grew to be absurd in their character. The government of one city no longer resembled the government of another. We were again in the midst of the evils that existed in Ohio prior to 1851. This transgression of the law of the constitution could not last forever. A crash must come, and it did come in June of this year.

In doing our work we should be careful to stand rigidly by the principles of the constitution. A departure from this course would make our work a nullity and continue indefinitely the confusion which now exists. It has been suggested, by very respectable people, that you can authorize the citizens of municipalities to do something that you cannot do yourselves; that you may empower the people of the eight hundred cities and villages in Ohio to assemble in constitutional conventions, and, each for itself, adopt a charter for its government. The result would be, as many schemes for the government of cities and villages

as there are municipalities in the state. We would again be in the midst of the perils which surrounded our fathers in 1851, increased ten-fold, and would utterly disregard the command of our highest court, which says that we must have uniform and general laws for our government. I therefore recommend that no heed be given to this suggestion.

It is my duty to make affirmative recommendation to you in regard to this work. Such recommendations, to be helpful, must be definite and certain. That they may be of such character, I have devoted much time, thought and study to this subject, have called to my assistance skilled and learned men, and have prepared with their help a bill which contains all the matters and restrictions which I think should be embraced at this time in a law for the government of our cities and villages. I submit the bill herewith, and hereby specifically recommend that all parts of said bill, and the bill as a whole, be made a part of the law of Ohio. If there are things in this bill which do not meet your approval, you will find it easy to make amendments, without being obliged to undergo the work of preparing a bill of great length. The subject which I have discussed herein is one of great importance. I do not wish unduly to influence your judgments, but I do ask that you give it most careful and thoughtful consideration, and then act as your consciences dictate.

It has been claimed that many of the school laws of the state are subject to the objection that they are violative of the provisions of the constitution. This may be true. It has not, however, been so declared by the Supreme court. When this is done it is time to seek a remedy. When this court found that our municipalities were built upon false foundations, it stayed its hand, it delayed the operation of its decree, and gave us plenty of time to meet the emergency. We can safely rely upon this court to protect our public schools. They will not be struck down without ample opportunity to provide for the contingency.

The Supreme Court in its recent decisions has declared certain acts regulating the compensation of county officers to be unconstitutional. This subject does not need your immediate consideration. It makes but little difference, in a financial way, to the people whether their county officers are paid under the fee or the salary system. Therefore this subject can be safely postponed until the meeting of the next General Assembly.

It is also possible that there are imperfections existing in the registration and election laws, and also in the laws relating to the annual boards for the equalization of the valuation of property for taxation. I suggest that by joint resolutions you refer the school laws to the Senate Commissioner of Common Schools and the Attorney General; the laws relating to the compensation of county officers to the Auditor of State, Secretary of State and the Attorney General; the laws relating to registration and elections to the Secretary of State; and the laws relating to annual boards of equalization to the Auditor of State, with instruction to revise and recodify said laws, remove therefrom all imperfections, and have their work ready for presentation to the next General Assembly of Ohio, on the first Monday in January, 1904. The officers named are entirely familiar with these laws, and I am sure they would make a perfect revision of the same.

I most earnestly recommend that no subject of legislation be considered at this extraordinary session of the General Assembly, except those herein suggested.

Respectfully submitted,  
GEO. K. NASH.

Columbus, O., Aug. 25, 1902.

### TO ADJOURN

Out of Respect to Memory of Hon. Wm. Bell—New Lieut. Gov. Arrived at Noon.

Columbus, O., Aug. 25.—(Bulletin)—It is now intention after reading the Governor's message in the House this afternoon for the House to adjourn out of respect to the memory of the late Hon. Wm. Bell, Jr., representative

Continued on Page 6.)

## MINERS

### Beat Back Non-Union Workers.

### Several Men Are Very Badly Injured.

### THE EFFORT TO ARBITRATE HAS FAILED

### COAL OPERATORS STAND FIRM

### In Their Refusal to Arbitrate Though The Miners are Willing—Senator Hanna Interviewed.

Hazleton, Pa., Aug. 25.—The most turbulent scene that has occurred during the strike took place here this morning when an attempt to open Cranberry and No. 49 collieries was made. Ten thousand miners formed a cordon about the mines and no attempt to open the mines was made. Forty non-union men who appeared at the mines were beaten with clubs and driven back. The most serious feature of the demonstration occurred when August Scheuch, a foreman, while attempting to rescue his son from the mob was seized, beaten to the ground and stabbed three times by unknown parties. Scheuch was taken to Hazleton hospital where he now lies desperately wounded. Physicians there have discovered internal injuries which they think will cause the foreman's death. The mob would have killed Scheuch had it not been for the timely interference of a party of citizens who caught the wounded man up from the ground and ran with him to a place of safety. Several of the non-unionists who were kidnapped are also badly hurt. It is thought no one knows where they are. No shots were fired. The strikers used clubs and sticks as weapons.

### ARBITRATION ABANDONED.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 25.—Senator Hanna announces that all efforts to end the anthracite coal strike have been abandoned. He says the fight will be a long and desperate one between the operators and miners.

Senator Hanna says there can be no arbitration because only one side is willing to arbitrate. The miners are willing but the operators are not.

"Will the miners give in?" the interviewer asked the Senator.

"Not so long as they can fight," said the Senator. "They will stand out as long as they are able. It will not be a short fight. It will be prolonged, and such a prolongation will mean not only hardships for the miners and women and children dependent upon them, but it will have its effect on the American people. The longer this struggle continues the greater will be the raise in prices of coal."

"Is the refusal of the operators to arbitrate final?"

"I so regard it," said the Senator. "They have refused, and they still refuse."

"Have you no hope that J. Pierpont Morgan will intervene to settle the strike or persuade the operators to arbitrate?"

Senator Hanna shook his head. "All I know is what I see by the papers," he said. "I talked with Mr. Morgan before the strike was fully under way. He deplored the situation, but would take no active part toward a settlement. His attitude in my opinion is unchanged."

"When will the crisis come in the strike?"

"I cannot say," replied Senator Hanna. "I have exhausted my efforts."

### FIGHT TO THE FINISH.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Aug. 25.—Today the beginning of the 16th week of the strike shows that both sides are determined to fight to the end. President Mitchell seemed cheerful this morning and apparently took no stock in the report that the men were weakening and are willing to return if adequate protection is given them.

### DECLINED THE CALL.

Delaware, O., Aug. 25.—Rev. Frederick N. McMillen of Dayton, has declined a call from the Presbyterian church here.

## DECORATIONS

### For Elks Reunion and Carnival Which Begins in Newark Next Monday September 1.

The exterior of the Elks' club room is being tastefully decorated by the Roesser Decorative company, the front of the Oriol building being nearly covered with festooned bunting and other decorations in profusion. Many business houses will decorate on account of the Elks' carnival next week.

### "DAVE" PREFERENCES QUIET.

Bucyrus, O., Aug. 25.—Carrie Nation gave a hatchet talk at a local park on Sunday afternoon. Her husband, David Nation, is living within five miles of the park, but he was not numbered among the audience. David says he prefers a quiet life on the farm to the strenuous existence of his wife.

### WRECK NEAR WESTERVILLE.

Westerville, O., Aug. 25.—A wreck occurred on the Cleveland, Akron & Columbus railway at the county line road, above town. Five freight cars were piled upon each other and are a total loss. There was no injury to any trainmen.

## REUNION

### Of Glick Family in Turner's Grove at Kirkersville—Newark People Were Present.

One of the happiest events of the past week was the second family reunion of the Glick family, which was held at Kirkersville, Ohio, in Turner's Grove. The strange feature of the reunion was that out of 45 present, only one bore the name of Glick, that one being Miss Cecilia Glick, the only brother being absent. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Winters and daughter Gertrude of Kirkersville, Mr. and Mrs. J. Willis Fulton, Mr. and Mrs. George Hartshorn, Misses Cecelia Wick, Mary Fulton and Martha Hartshorn, Messrs. Fred Fulton, Harold, Eugene and Guy Hartshorn, of Newark, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Patterson, Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Patterson and child and Mrs. Ollie Cullison, of Delaware, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Fellows, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Patterson, Mr. and Mrs. F. Dennison, Mr. and Mrs. Ellis McCauley and Mrs. Charles Moore, Misses Mable, Iva and Rose Fellows, Leah Dennison, Florence Patterson, Gladys McCauley and Maude Moore and Jessie Winters of Newark, Messrs. Clark Winters, Chester Winters, Charles Moore, Jr., Harold Dennison, Oliver, Frank, Howard and Walter Fellows of Columbus, and Dr. Walter Hartshorn of Toledo, Ohio. The honored guests were Mr. and Mrs. Turner of Kirkersville.

### Molineux Case..

New York, Aug. 25.—General Molineux, father of Roland Molineux convicted of the murder of Kate Adams says he has absolute proof of the innocence of his son for presentation at the second trial this fall.

### The War Game.

Rockport, Mass., Aug. 25.—Admiral Higginson successfully defended the New England coast against the attacking squadron, the naval search problem terminating Sunday with the unconditional surrender of Commander Pillsbury's fleet.

### Wronged.

Lucille—But he has no imagination. Horstense—He hasn't? That's where you're wrong him. Why, he thinks there are fully a dozen girls in this town who have hearts that he broke all to pieces. —Chicago Record-Herald.

### Condensed Telegrams.

Wilkesbarre, Aug. 25.—The North American Coal company has written to Mitchell telling him that they know he is opposed to violence and asking him for protection, when they open "Nat" washery. They say they will have no police and the men will go unarmed depending entirely on Mitchell and the strikers to keep order.

Washington, Aug. 25.—Secretary of Treasury Shaw today dismissed from service Lorenzo G. Wareld, a \$2,000 clerk, who was operating a "tipping bureau," the object of which was to make department clerks richer by a systematic playing of races.

## SWELL

### Will Mrs. Vanderbilt's Entertainment Be.

### Promises To Be The Event of The Season.

### EVERY SEAT IN THE THEATRE WAS PURCHASED.

### FAMOUS MIDWAY ON THE SIDE.

### The Wild Rose Company Gives An Entertainment—Supper and Danc- ing Will Follow.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 25.—Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt's entertainment to be given tonight promises to be the event of the season. Society is bound to hear itself joked and caricatured and the effect will be interesting. Besides buying every seat in the Knickerbocker theatre so that she might have the "Wild Rose" company one night, Mrs. Vanderbilt has hired several vaudevillians, among them Williams and Walker. Williams will sing his "Ma Castle on de Nile." The song has things to say about the necessity of indigo in the blood, diamonds on the floor, a balloon butler at the door, and a monkey for a valet.

"The Wild Rose" company will give an hour's entertainment. Mrs. Vanderbilt has erected a long structure from the drive to her villa and this is the "midway" filled with curiosities and amusements. A temporary theatre has also been built. Supper and dancing follow the performance.

## DANCERS

### SHOT DOWN BY DRUNKEN NEGRO IN TEXAS.

### Fifteen Badly Hurt But the Man Who Did the Shooting Was Fatally Injured.

Fort Worth, Texas, Aug. 25.—A lively shooting affray occurred during a negro dance in Polk county Saturday night. A drunken negro turned a double barreled shot gun loose on a room full of dancers and fifteen were seriously wounded. Some of them will probably die. The negro who did the shooting was fatally shot.

## THE SCHOOLS

### Are to Open Monday September 8— Though the Board Has Not Formally Fixed That Date.

The Newark schools will open on Monday, September 8th. There has been on time set for the opening as there was no quorum present at the last regular meeting.

Mr. Harry Hoover member of the Board of Education from the 8th ward said today that he did not see how they could open the schools before the date mentioned. There will probably be a called meeting of the Board this week to formally determine this matter, as well as decide other matters pressing for settlement.

### State Rifle Team.

Camp McKinley, west of Newark, Aug. 25.—The state rifle team which has been here at the rifle range practicing for the Seagirt, N. J., shoot, will leave for the east tonight. The work done since Saturday has given the men encouragement for honors at Seagirt.

Seranton, Pa., Aug. 25.—The reward of \$1,000 offered by operators for the arrest of the party or parties connected with the mysterious shooting of Foreman Michael Connelly and Forest Crossman has led to the arrest of Frank Decker, a coal and iron policeman.

When worn down and ready to take your bed, use Walther's Peptonized Port, that builds up, up, up.

## GEN. MILES

### Going to the Philippines But He Will Not Tell the Object of His Trip.

Boston, Mass. Aug. 25.—Gen Miles in an interview here, announces that he will sail for the Philippines in a few weeks. The object of his trip he would not divulge. When asked if he was going in his official capacity he replied: "Well, I am not going as a tourist, neither am I going for my health. I cannot tell until I get there what I shall do."

### BOY LOSES BOTH HANDS.

Zanesville, O., Aug. 25.—Roy Davis, the 12 year old son of Mrs. Lucy Davis, fell under a moving car at Roseville, and both hands were cut off. He was with his mother at a picnic.

## WATER CURE

### Applied to Drunken Man Who In- sisted Upon Singing Annie Room- ey for the President.

Nahant, Aug. 25.—The water cure was applied to a drunken man here who insisted on serenading President Roosevelt. The soldiers guarding the President did the job. They put the singer under the town pump after he had tried sixteen times to sing "Annie Rooney." President Roosevelt will speak this afternoon at Nahant and Lynn and this evening at Boston.

## JURORS

### For September Term of Court are Announced—Grand and Petit Juries Named Below.

The following persons were drawn for the September term of the Common Pleas Court which convenes on Monday, September 22.

#### Grand Jurors.

William Mahon—Fourth Ward.  
P. Sparks—Newton township.  
William Wallace—Licking township.  
M. L. Brown—Liberty township.  
G. W. Bixler—Bowling Green township.  
Henry Pfeiffer—Fifth Ward.  
Frank Gourley—Washington township.  
Sanford Buckland—Union township.  
Frank James—Seventh Ward.  
W. H. Hand—Harrison township.  
W. H. Kussmaul—Granville.  
Robert Bowie—Lima township.  
R. S. Sigler—Franklin township.  
Chas. Heim—First ward.

#### Petit Jurors.

Warren Pond—Granville.  
Lemuel H. Holmes—Bowling Green township.  
Jacob Ankele—Third ward.  
D. Thomas—Sixth Ward.  
P. M. Brill—Hanover township.  
Richard Conine—Lima township.  
George Land—Fourth Ward.  
Wm. Bebout—Eden township.  
S. N. Anderson—Hartford township.  
W. B. Willis—Hartford township.  
George Galloway—Seventh Ward.  
Alvin Davis—Licking township.  
S. P. Moore—St. Albans township.  
John W. Little—Fallsburg township.  
Samuel Miles—Mary Ann township.  
A. B. Painter—Eighth ward.

## WIDOW

### Of William Miller, Died Saturday Night at the Age of 84 Years— Burial Tuesday.

Annie E. Miller, widow of William Miller, died at her home 270 Race st. Saturday evening aged 84 years. She leaves three children, Taylor Miller, Miss Florence M. Miller, and Mrs. Eliza Moser, wife of Jacob F. Moser, all of this city.

The funeral will take place Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the home, interment in Cedar Hill cemetery.

### PRESIDENT IN NEW ENGLAND.

Lynn, Mass., Aug. 25.—President Roosevelt is quietly resting at the home of Senator Lodge today preparatory to resuming his tour through New England this afternoon.



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## DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

Probate Judge,  
WALDO TAYLOR.

Sheriff,  
WM. H. ANDERSON, Jr.

Prosecuting Attorney,  
J. T. MITZGIBBON.

County Commissioner,  
JOSEPH E. BROWNFIELD.

County Surveyor,  
C. P. KNISELY.

Infirmary Director,  
CHARLES S. HOWARD.

Coroner,  
SCOTT J. EVANS.

CIRCUIT JUDICIAL TICKET.  
For Circuit Judge,  
S. M. DOUGLASS, of Mansfield.

## GREAT SALT LAKE DRYING UP.

Great Salt Lake, in Utah, it appears, is doomed. Weather bureau officials announce that the waters of the lake are rapidly receding, and that unless there is a large increase in the rain fall of that region the lake must eventually dry up. Local observers declare that even an increased rainfall would have no permanent effect in staying the drying-up process. The lake in the last ten years has receded seven or eight feet. Wet seasons do not seem to have made much difference, the receding of the waters going on steadily, though slowly, year by year. The lake is the great survivor of a large number of salt lakes, some of them much greater in extent. They flowed over a large part of the Western and Southwestern territory, and left behind, in some instances, immense deposits of salt, which are now being converted to commercial uses. There are spots not so very distant from Salt Lake where almost pure salt can be dug up for many feet below the surface, and the vast alkali plains of the Southwest were undoubtedly covered with salt water at one time. It is supposed that Salt Lake was once a part of the ocean. The drying up of the lake seems a misfortune because the lake has so long been an object of interest and curiosity. It is really useful, however, more for the salt that can be extracted from its waters than on any other account, and these deposits can be more easily worked after the waters have subsided than now.

## AGAINST THE AMERICAN FARMER

How the tariff discriminates against the American farmer for the enrichment of the American manufacturer is a feature of injustice that is scarcely appreciated. The farmer is compelled by reason of this discrimination to pay nearly double the price for machinery and supplies necessary for him to purchase from American manufacturers than the foreigners pay for these goods.

The following comparative figures show what the American farmer has to pay for American-made goods and what his foreign competitor has to pay for the same articles:

American Price to price. foreigners	
Wire nails (keg).....	\$2.25 1.50
Wire rope (coil).....	12.00 5.00
Lead (100 lbs.).....	4.00 2.00
Shovels (dozen).....	7.50 5.50
Axle grease (lb).....	.50 .40
Washboards (dozen).....	2.00 1.70
Meat choppers.....	2.70 1.50
Barbed wire (100 lbs.).....	3.00 2.00
Clock (alarm).....	.60 .30
Lawn mowers.....	4.25 2.75
Fruit jars (Nason doz).....	.80 .55
Sewing machine.....	40.00 17.00

**Grove's Black Root Liver Pills.**  
GROVE'S BLACK ROOT LIVER PILLS. Made from an active principle obtained from Black Root. They act on the liver equal to calomel and leave no bad after effects. No griping, no sick stomach. Will cure chronic constipation. Price 25 cents.

## THE OFFICIAL CALL

For 17th District Democratic Congressional Convention at Coshocton  
August 28

The Democrats of the Seventeenth Congressional district of Ohio are requested to meet in delegate convention in Coshocton, Ohio, on

Thursday, August 28th, 1902, at 11 o'clock a. m., to nominate a candidate for Representative in Congress from said district.

The basis of representation to said Congressional Convention will be one delegate for every one hundred votes and one delegate for every fraction of fifty or more votes cast for James Kilbourne, Democratic candidate for Governor of Ohio in 1901.

Upon the foregoing basis the representation of the several counties of said Congressional Convention will be as follows:

Coshocton ..... 31  
Holmes ..... 21  
Licking ..... 58  
Tuscarawas ..... 52  
Wayne ..... 40

The convention will be called to order at 11 o'clock a. m., for temporary organization and for the transaction of such preliminary business as may be proper before such temporary organization.

By order of the Democratic Congressional Committee.

R. F. TIMMONS,  
Acting Chairman.

## DEMOCRATIC

Congressional Convention of This District to be Held at Coshocton,  
August 28th.

The Democratic Congressional Convention of this district will be held at Coshocton on Thursday, August 28. The convention is called to meet at 11 o'clock in the morning, and will be called to order by R. F. Timmons, acting Chairman of the Congressional Committee. The district is composed of the counties of Coshocton, Holmes, Licking, Tuscarawas and Wayne. The delegation from Licking county is made up as follows:

**Congressional Delegates.**  
Bennington—H. G. Hoover.  
Bowling Green—F. L. Orr.  
Burlington—L. H. Smith.  
Eden—G. W. Marriott.  
Etina—H. E. Eswine.  
Fallsburg—C. F. Mossholder.  
Franklin—G. W. Cummings.  
Granville twp.—Frank Granger.  
Granville village—D. S. Ryler.  
Hanover—J. W. Nethers, D. S. Carist.  
Harrison—Karl Nichols.  
Hartford—E. O. Mitchell, Mr. R. Baker.  
Hopewell—John M. Brown.  
Jersey—Stephen Carico.  
Liberty—R. S. Morgan.  
Licking—E. B. Grindell, F. A. Beard.  
Lima, E. P.—James Mauger.  
Lima, W. P.—M. D. Brock.  
Madison—O. C. Irwin.  
Mary Ann—Owen F. Miller.  
McKean—Arthur Barrick.  
Monroe—S. J. Day, J. W. Wolf.  
Newark, Harry Hurbaugh.  
Newton—W. H. Vanatta, L. L. Marriott.  
Perry—C. W. Somerville.  
St. Albans—A. D. Burnside.  
Union, N. P.—F. P. Jones.  
Union, S. P.—Perry Tygart, Ora Woiland.  
Washington—Silas Weaver.  
First ward—C. Fordyce, F. Kessler.  
Second ward—B. Benfield, Thomas Hughes.  
Third ward, N. P.—John Mullen, A. Haines.  
Third ward, S. P.—C. F. Hager.  
Fourth ward, N. P.—Chas. Schaller, Miller Henry.  
Fourth ward, S. P.—H. J. Kaiser, H. Lowendick.  
Fifth ward, N. P.—Cary B. Grimm, Wm. Bell, Jr.  
Fifth ward, S. P.—J. L. Meister, August Meyer.  
Sixth ward—G. W. Abbott, James Burns, W. F. Holton.  
Seventh ward—John Atherton, J. Fox, A. Forgraves.  
Eighth ward—R. Dold, G. P. Elliott.

## For Over Sixty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over 60 years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures whooping cough, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

## BOWSER'S BURGLAR.

DISCOVERS A PROWLER AS HE APPROACHES HIS HOME.

The Door is Left Open For Him to Enter, and He Shows Up, but the Old Fellow's Scheme to Catch Him Fails to Work.

[Copyright 1902 by C. D. Lewis]

THE Bowser was getting ready to retire for the night when Mr. Bowser discovered that he had left his door open and a call for soda mints. He slipped on his shoes and paid a visit to the door, and as he returned Mrs. Bowser saw by his looks that something had happened. "What is it?" she asked as she locked the door behind him and looked to one of the front windows to peer out.

"A burglar!" he hoarsely whispered as he beckoned to her. "But I don't see any one around." "He has mysteriously disappeared, but he isn't far off. I saw him skulking around as I entered the yard." "You must have taken the stone dog for a man. No one would be skulking in the yard at this early hour."

"An I a fool that I don't know a stone dog from a live man?" bolly exclaimed.



HE GRASPED HIS CLUB FOR A BLOW. claimed Mr. Bowser as he stepped back from the window. "I tell you there's some one skulking about, and he can have only one object. His idea is to burglarize the house. I've expected it every night for years and years, and now it has come. Don't look out again. I don't want him to find out that he's observed."

"But if there is a prowler around why not telephone to the police station?" asked Mrs. Bowser.

"Because I've got a little scheme of my own to carry out. I wouldn't have the fellow disturbed for a hundred dollars. In fact, if there was any way to do it I'd offer him a hundred to break in here."

"But I don't see—"

"Then let me tell you. The number of burglars arrested in the United States is about 6,000 a year. About 4,000 of these are convicted and sentenced, and the sentences average only about three years each. Twenty million families go to the expense of locks and bolts and burglar alarms on account of them."

"Yes, you have," replied Mrs. Bowser as she stood off and looked at him.

"What's-what's the matter?"

"What's your watch?"

"Gone, by thunder! Hand it back to you now!"



"WHAT'S-WHAT'S THE MATTER?"

count of a few thousand burglars, all of whom are given light sentences. If every burglar understood that he would get his head knocked off if he tried to enter a house, how many of them would continue in the business?"

"Yes, but what has all this to do with the skulker you thought you saw in the yard?" she asked.

"Everything. His idea is to enter the house. My idea is to permit him to see."

"And if he enters?"

"I will be right there waiting to fracture his skull in about seventeen places. I'll bring that baseball bat up from down cellar and crack his head at one blow. His death will do more to deter other burglars than if he had got a life sentence. Don't go near those windows again, and don't raise your voice when you speak."

"It's all nonsense, and you'd better come up to bed. If you can see him from a front window, one yell will send him off. It may be only some homeless tramp who wants a bed on the grass."

"Woman, I know my business," said Mr. Bowser in a determined way. "This burglar business should be met with an iron hand. You go up to bed and turn out the lights, and I'll watch for an hour or two. Get right along and say no more about it. I've got my scheme laid all right, and I'm bound to carry it through."

Mrs. Bowser didn't stop to argue further, but when she got upstairs she took a cautious look from the window and saw a big dog peering in a flower bed in the front yard. This was doubtless the would-be burglar Mr. Bowser had seen as he came in, but she didn't seek to enlighten him. An old hairbrush and a "get out" sent the dog over the fence in a hurry, and she went to bed feeling that Mr. Bowser would have his troubles for his pains. She had no sooner passed upstairs than he brought up his club, slipped the catches on the front windows to give the burglar a show and then sat down behind one of them to wait. When he got tired of sitting, he tipped up and down the parlor, followed by the cat, who couldn't make things clear. From 10 to 11 o'clock Mr. Bowser was on the strain. A score of times he spat on his hands and grasped his club for a firm grip, but a score of times he was deceived. At a quarter past 11 he softly ascended the stairs to find Mrs. Bowser asleep and all quiet, and he decided to say to himself:

"He's more crafty than I expected, or else he thinks he can't reach the windows. I'll give him a better show; I'll quietly open the front door and give him a chance to walk in."

The door was opened, and Mr. Bowser took a seat on a chair in the hall and watched and listened. The voices of the crickets floated in to him as they rumped over the grass, and now and then a belated pedestrian went by with faltering step, but midnight came and went, and the would-be burglar did not budge. Then the cat purred herself to sleep, and the watchman began to doze. He was thinking to himself what a "jar" he would inflict on the intruder as the fellow came skulking in when his eyes closed, he leaned back against the wall, and in two minutes he was snoring as regularly as machinery. Then came a tramp who had been "moved on" from a bench in the park three blocks away as he was trying to beat the public out of a bed. He was looking for an alley and a shed when he caught sight of the open door. He reasoned that the Open Door society must have its headquarters there, and he softly entered the yard and ascended the steps. He was cautious by nature, but those snores reassured him, and after a bit he looked in and made out Mr. Bowser and his club and his cat. It didn't occur to him to wake the watchman up and apply for lodgings. He was no man to make other people trouble. He simply advanced with catlike tread and removed Mr. Bowser's watch and chain and then took a coat and hat from the hall tree. He was a man of honor as well as a good walker. He had turned away when he remembered the club, and he did not go without it, although he had to take it from between Mr. Bowser's knees.

It was after 1 o'clock when Mrs. Bowser woke up with a feeling that something was wrong. She got out of bed and descended the stairs to investigate, and she had closed the door and lighted the gas when Mr. Bowser suddenly woke up and exclaimed:

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"Ah, you crafty chap, but I've got you now!"

"Yes, you have," replied Mrs. Bowser as she stood off and looked at him.

"What's-what's the matter?"

"What's your watch?"

"Gone, by thunder! Hand it back to you now!"

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## THE WEE LITTLES AT THE LUXEMBOURG.



FIND FRENCHMAN, HIS WIFE AND BOY.

## TOLD NEAR MONT PELEE

[Original.]

A few years ago I visited Martinique. Mont Pelee was then considered an extinct volcano and of no moment except as an object of interest for strangers to climb its sides and look into its crater. St. Pierre was a sleepy town, whose inhabitants, enervated by the climate, spent most of the time chatting about la belle France and wishing for the means with which to visit Paris. I went into a little restaurant one evening to get a dinner and, having dined, lighted a cigar and sat smoking till I should finish the bottle of light wine before me. A man sat at a table near by eyeing my bottle longingly. I had drunk all of it I wanted and was glad of an opportunity to favor some one with the remainder. I invited the man to my table and bade him help himself. He did so and while sipping the wine told me in broken English the following story:

"These house always solemn house to me. Why? I come here often some time ago. I know the people what live here before these, house was restaurant. Ferry fine house then. M. Bourdolon dine here with his daughter, Mlle. Bourdolon. He rich man—not richest man here, but rich. His daughter fine girl. She step ferry light, like spirited horse. M'sieur Bourdolon want Lucille to marry rich man like himself. Lucille want marry ferry fine poor man. Thees mak' big fight between father and daughter. M. Bourdolon tell Jean le Fevre, the fine poor young man, that if he come near thees house he shoot his head off."

"One day rich sugar man come to M. Bourdolon and say, 'M. Bourdolon, I like to marry your daughter.' M. Bourdolon say, 'M. Vignon, how much you worth?' 'Five hundred thousand francs.' That ferry much money in them days; M. Bourdolon himself not worth that much. So he say: 'M. Vignon, you go ask my daughter. You be careful. Lucille ferry good girl, but ferry spirited girl. She want lots of coaxing.'"

"M. Vignon dress himself ferry fine, with boutonniere and wax moustache, and put on lots perfume so he smell like flower garden. Then he come to thees house and come in thees room, which was parlor. Upstairs Papa Bourdolon arguify with his daughter to persuade her to go down and leestin to M. Vignon. Lucille ferry quiet; don't answer nothing. Her papa say: 'Good girl, nice girl. You do what your papa wish.' Lucille go downstairs, come into thees parlor and shut the door."

"M. Bourdolon don't stay long here, and next day he go see Papa Bourdolon and say, 'M'sieur, I think I not get married just now.' 'What you mean?' say Papa Bourdolon, ferry hot. 'I think I like to live bachelor some time longer.' 'You think my daughter not mak' you happy?' My daughter ferry good girl, ferry obedient girl. She go down last night to accept your offer like little lamb. 'Your daughter, m'sieur, ferry fine girl. I not speak disrespectful of your daughter, but I think I don't want marry just now.' 'If you insult my daughter, you insult me. We go out tomorrow morning on the side of Mont Pelee with rapiers, and you gif me satisfaction.' 'M'sieur, I no insult you or your daughter. Mademoiselle too good for man like me. Mademoiselle should marry great warrior, great general. She might fine lady. When she come in parlor last night, I say: 'Mademoiselle, by permission of your father I come to express for you adorable sentiments. I haf long admired you, mademoiselle, you so beautiful, so gentle, so good. I would like tak' you on my bosom like little pet lamb. I offer you my heart, my hand and my poor fortune, all of which are not good enough for so divine.'—I got no further. Your daughter fine girl, beautiful girl, brave girl. She deserve a general for a husband. What you think she do? She not speak; she not look at me. Her eyes all time on the floor. Sudden she tak' long knife from the folds of her dress and throw it at me so hard that when I dodge so it can't stab me it strike on window casing and stand there, buried an inch in the wood. By Gar, she might fine girl Mlle. Bourdolon!"

"If you no tink I tell truth, if you no tink thees ferry fine young lady do what I say, look up there (pointing to the window casing), and you see place where the knife stuck in the wood."

I raised my eyes, and there, sure enough, was a deep cut.

"Next day M. Bourdolon shut up mademoiselle in thees house."

"I not come here till the great earthquake, ten years ago. Everybody frightened to death. I run by here, and Mlle. Bourdolon stick her head out of window and call to me to go get priest. 'Somebody die? I ask. 'Go get priest.' I run and meet priest. 'Father, I say, 'come quick to give absolution.' I bring priest in here in thees ferry room. M. Bourdolon not here. He gone to look after his property. Nobody here but Mlle. Lucille; no, one more—Jean le Fevre. That priest had to marry them two. Just when he finish there was terrible rumble of the earthquake, and mademoiselle say, 'That the kind of salute for a bride! Then she show Jean the cut and laugh and say: 'I pretend to be crazy mad. I could have bit him if I had chosen. I missed him on purpose.'"

I thanked the old man for his story and then, ordering another bottle of wine and setting it before him, paid my bill and strolled forth into the street. I have always since been interested in the old house, which must have been recently buried under the second eruption of Mont Pelee.

F. A. MITCHEL.

## STORIES OF THE FAIRS.

How the Millionaire's Wife Won Her Father-in-law's Estate.

Mrs. Charles L. Fair of San Francisco, who, with her husband, was killed in an automobile accident in France, was a poor girl, says a Plainfield (N. J.) dispatch to the New York World. Her maiden name was Carrie Smith, and she was a daughter of William Smith, who earned his living by driving a delivery wagon for C. T. Rogers, a tailor in New Market, N. J. Carrie's mother worked as a tailoress in Mr. Rogers' shop and supported herself in that way until recently. Carrie Smith was considered the belle of the village. When nineteen years old, she left home and started on a theatrical career. Young Fair met her when she was an actress in New York and became infatuated. They were married, and young Fair's father informed his son that he would be disinherited. To remove this feeling Mrs. Charles Fair traveled to California and in some manner obtained a position as a nurse to the older Fair, taking an assumed name. After she had won his esteem she quietly informed him that she was the wife of his son. The elder Fair was impressed with the young woman, and a reconciliation followed before his death. After the death of her husband Mr. William Smith married Lloyd Nelson of New Market, and when she was fifty years old a son was born to her, Abe Nelson, who is a half brother of Mrs. Charles Fair.

Charles L. Fair had been interested in automobiles ever since the machines came into use abroad, says the New York Journal. He was one of the first to bring one to this country, and he owned three or four. He had what was probably the largest and swiftest machine in California. It was a huge French racing machine, and it is capable, it is said, of going seventy miles an hour. He imported it from France and with it a chauffeur. Many a time have townspeople and farmers in San Mateo, Marin and Alameda counties, in California, rushed out of their houses only to see the huge machine already disappearing in the distance and leaving a trail of dust and smoke behind. Fair was much interested in photography and spent much of his time experimenting with it. He built an enormous gasoline yacht a number of years ago, and when warned that it would blow up and kill him he laughed and said that that was strictly his own affair. The yacht never blew up, but he soon tired of the expensive toy.

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**Constipation Cured.**

To have perfect health the bowels should be kept open that the waste products may be eliminated. Otherwise the entire system is poisoned, causing Dyspepsia, Headache, Nervousness, Appendicitis, Liver Troubles and other ailments.

**Lyon's Laxative Syrup**

cures constipation of the very worst type and permanently, too. It has a mild action, is pleasant to the taste and thousands say it is the best laxative because it always relieves and cures constipation and its allied effects. Absolutely harmless—made of choice fruits and vegetable extracts.

Ladies and children like it because pleasant to take.

Money back from your druggist if not the best laxative you ever took. Just try it and see.

At all Druggists, 25 and 50 cents.

LYON MEDICINE COMPANY, Louisville, Ky.  
HALL'S DRUG STORE.

**Rheumatol**

Is a sure cure for rheumatism of all kinds.

**Rheumatol**

Is guaranteed to CURE and we stand back of the guarantee and mean business.

**Rheumatol**

Is a liquid preparation to be taken internally and will not disagree with the most fastidious stomach.

**Rheumatol**

Is endorsed by over one hundred Newark citizens in testimonials written by them.

If you have rheumatism—come talk it over with us—you have everything to gain and absolutely nothing to lose.

**ERNEST T. JOHNSON,**  
DRUGGIST,  
No. 10 South Second St.

**A. N. BANTON,****ELECTRICAL  
CONTRACTOR  
AND SUPPLIES.**

Celling and desk fans. No. 49 North Third street, with Sayers the plumber both phones. Residence, old phone 44, Broadway.

**Idlewilde Park  
CASINO**

High Class Vaudeville.  
Program for Week.

**Sunday, Aug. 24.**

Fletcher's Imperial Orchestra.  
Selections from "Mam'selle Awkins."  
Alfred E. Aarons, arr. by W. H. Mackle.

**LEE INGHAM,**  
Premier Hand Equilibrist.

**LILLIAN WALTON,**  
Descriptive Baritone in an act of Artistic beauty.

**COIN'S COMEDY DOGS**  
A Canine Vaudeville Show.

Intermission, 10 Minutes.  
Fletcher's Imperial Orchestra.  
Elseeta, March and two step, Fred Stone.

**CLEVER TANA,**  
Ventriloquist songster, assisted by his wooden headed associates, including the "Singing Cat."

**COLLINS & HART,**  
Comedy Acrobats.  
Fletcher's Imperial Orchestra.

New York Racket Store will put on sale Monday, Sept. 25th a lot of Ladies' Black Mercerized Satin Undershirts at 25 per cent cheaper than they can be bought elsewhere in town. Come and see what a nice garment can be bought for a little money. This advance sale will continue during the week.

**BEECHER & CLOSE,**  
20 West Main street.

There's no soaking required if you use Mrs. Austin's Quick Lunch Tapioca. Ready in a minute. Your grocer can supply you.

**PRIVATE SCHOOL FOR BOYS.**

Miss Anne Stelzer will open her private school for boys, September 8, at 80 North Fourth street, including classes between the kindergarten and High school. Concerning tuition, and other information, apply at 523 North Fourth street.

**BATTERY A IS HERE****Clevelanders Under Capt. Blasis Have Best Equipment of Any Battery in National Guard Service—Routine of Week's Camp.**

Camp McKinley, west of Newark, Aug. 25.—The Columbus Battery H soldiers broke camp Sunday about 2 o'clock and an hour later Cleveland's Light Battery A arrived for a week's camp.

Capt. Blasis, who has been here since Friday with ten men had tents up and a fine dinner ready for the soldiers upon their arrival. The afternoon was spent in cleaning harness and battery equipment. The Battery came a day ahead of time on its own expense so as to get in a full week at camp work.

As the guns, harness and all other equipment were cleaned yesterday afternoon, no time was devoted to that drudgery today but as the horses hired for the week's camp are all "green," little practical drill work was accomplished today. It has taken all the energy of the men to train their horses and some of them are not tamed yet.

This is the routine that Captain Blasis has outlined for the battery:

First call 5 a. m.  
Reveille 5:05 a. m.  
Assembly roll call and setting up exercises 5:20 a. m.

Stable and water call 5:30 a. m.  
Mess 6:30 a. m.

Sick call 7 a. m.  
Fatigue call 7:10 a. m.

Inspection of quarters 7:20 a. m.  
Boots and saddles 7:30 a. m.

Recall 11 a. m.  
Stable and water call 11:10 a. m.

First sergeant call 11:50 a. m.  
Mess 12 m.

Non-commissioned officers' school 1:15 p. m.

Boots and saddles and target practice 1:45 p. m.

Recall 4:20 p. m.  
Stable and water 4:30 p. m.

Mess 5:20 p. m.  
First call for retreat 5:50 p. m.

Assembly for retreat—roll call—6 p. m.

Guard mounting 6:10 p. m.  
Assembly 6:15 p. m.

Tattoo 10 p. m.  
Call to quarters 10:20 p. m.

Taps 10:30 p. m.

This is the 27th annual encampment of this battery, the last seven of which have been on the state ground. Captain Blasis says that this is the best place for a camp of soldiers that he knows of and this opinion which has been held for several years by the Captain is now shared by all of the officers in the Ohio National Guard.

The Battery is officered as follows: Captain commanding, Julius A. Blasis.

First Lieutenant, Walter B. Eddy.  
Second Lieutenant, Howard A. Siggletary.

Captain and Assistant Surgeon, Herbert L. Davis.

Past captains, George T. McConnell, Fred A. Cay, Louis Smithnight and H. M. Clewell.

Staff Sergeants, Q. A. Kulish, first sergeant, F. F. Swentner, quartermaster sergeant, Mead Redhead, acting stable and veterinary sergeant.

Trumpeters, H. J. Gibbons, H. I. Matthews.

Guidon, W. A. Drew.

Hospital corps, Acting hospital steward, H. H. Evans, Privates E. H. Shannon, P. D. Robinson, Henry Huhn.

First section, Sergt. W. J. Sawyer, Gunner L. A. Veasley, Caisson Corporal C. F. Rhoades, Privates C. R. Phillips, F. Kleland, J. I. Byrns, J. L. Fry, G. F. Mackey, C. E. Noville, Jackson and J. A. Dulz.

Second section, Sergt. Mead Redhead, Gunner G. A. Burke, Caisson Corp. F. Bradley, Privates E. V. Hopkins, F. T. Wilmott, W. H. Reay, G. C. Dillow, F. C. Kickbush, K. H. Smith, Louis Bransch, V. H. May.

Third section, Sergt. W. J. Cowlin, Gunner E. F. Thomas, Caisson Corporal H. L. McDonald, Privates J. E. Cramer, W. J. Taylor, O. O. Hootman, W. E. Cameron, H. C. Darrah, Anton Ehrig, Otto Anderson, R. G. Ferrell, B. H. Rand.

Fourth section, Sergt. C. C. Madison, Gunner E. F. Giberson, Corporal P. D. Watson, Privates C. H. Hirstius, F. J. Blaine, T. H. Boutall, C. E. Eddy, H. E. McQuinn, F. C. Kulish, K. M. Zink and J. R. Prall.

Lt. Singletary was officer of the day today.

Last year when the battery was

here a 1600 yard range was established but Captain Blasis is now endeavoring to erect a 2,000 yard range, extending from the camp grounds across the "Dugway" hill. There was no target practice today as the men were busy nearly all of the time breaking the horses which have been rented for the week.

Col. O. J. Hopkins who has been detailed by the state officials, will inspect the battery and will probably remain in camp all week.

Assistant Adjutant General Taylor was in camp today the guest of Captain Blasis and Lts. Eddy and Singletary.

The Cleveland battery has the distinction of having the best equipment of any battery in our National Guard service. It is equipped with modern 3.2 guns using smokeless powder the equipment costing over \$30,000. The guns are of the latest pattern (1897) and the Clevelanders know how to use them. They will begin target practice tomorrow afternoon, as by that time the men expect to have their horses in such training that they can devote time to the target practice.

**SUDDENLY**

**MR. SUDBURY GREW WORSE AND DIED.**

The Young Man was a Well Known  
Telegraph Operator Who For  
Years Lived in Newark.

Leonidas Sudbury, aged 32 years, died at his country home, Chestnut Hill, McKean township, very suddenly at 10:10 o'clock Sunday night, his death being due to heart disease.

Mr. Sudbury returned home Thursday last, having been on a Southern pleasure trip, being taken slightly ill at New Orleans, with a sort of malarial fever. He stopped, en route, at St. Louis where he consulted a physician who told him that his illness with fever was not at all alarming, but that he would have to take the best of care of himself until he was entirely well, as he had heart trouble of a dangerous kind. After his arrival home he responded readily to treatment for the malarial ailment and was considered nearly well. He ate dinner Sunday with the family and appeared cheerful and in good health and spirits.

About 2 o'clock he was stricken and soon became unconscious in which condition he remained until his death.

The deceased who was very well known in Newark as "Lon" Sunbury, had lived here all his life, although for varying periods he would be away, working at his profession, that of railway telegraph operator. He was a son of the late John Sudbury, and was a young man of good character and habits.

He leaves two brothers, Grant and John, and two sisters, Georgia and Maude Sunbury, of this city.



Cry!—I'm drowning!  
Cynthia—Don't worry. Your head will keep you afloat.—Chicago News.

See McNeal about that sign and have it Union Made. 8-20-10\*

For Sale—Farm of 120 acres two and a half miles from Newark, mostly bottom land, well improved, at a bargain if sold soon. Rees. R. Jones. 7-31-dim

**LAST FIGHT IN BOER WAR.**

How Two British Officers Were Held Up by Some Cape Rebels.

On June 3, three days after peace between the British and the Boers had been signed, Lieutenants McKeech and Raine of the Ninth New Zealand contingent, which was encamped at Vereeniging, South Africa, and which had not yet seen active service, left camp to visit a larger ten miles off, says the London Standard. They took their sporting rifles with them. On arriving at the site of the laager they found the latter deserted, the occupants having left to surrender at Heidelberg.

The two officers were on their way back to Vereeniging when they were met by three Boers, who turned out to be Cape rebels and, unfortunately, believing that the peace had disposed of all our enemies, permitted the Boers to come up to them. The latter held up the officers and proceeded to strip them.

Mr. Raine had to give up his trousers, and, while he was covered by one of the rebels, he drew his revolver from the inside pocket of his tunic and, killing the man by shooting him through the heart, fired at a second Boer and dropped him with a bullet which lodged near the same spot. The third Boer, who was standing apart, then appears to have fired at Mr. McKeech, killing him on the spot and bringing down Raine with a bullet in the thigh. He then rode off, leaving one of his companions dead and the other seriously wounded.

Raine managed, badly wounded as he was, to get into Vereeniging, whereupon a strong body of his regiment went out and found the body of McKeech as well as those of the two Boers. The remains of Lieutenant McKeech were brought in and interred at Vereeniging.

**VERBAL TRAIN DISPATCHING**

Illinois Central Will Use Telephone in Place of Telegraph.

For some time various railroads over the country have been discussing the feasibility of supplanting its telegraphic service with telephones, and the Illinois Central is a pioneer in the adoption of this remarkable innovation. Prominent railroad men have differed radically upon the practicability of such a method, and even though President Fish seems thoroughly convinced of the ultimate success and wisdom of this departure others equally as prominent and active in the great railroad world are still disposed to question his theories. However, the head of the Illinois Central is proceeding with his plans of installing telephones over his entire line to take the place gradually of the telegraph instruments. While conservatives argue that the new system, good in itself for general office purposes, can never surpass telegraphy for general railroad use, those who after profound thought upon the subject have been led to the extreme step of adopting the system have no misgivings as to results. It is claimed that the telephone will give more accurate, definite and as quick service as the telegraph and in the end provide a material retrenchment in the operating expenses of the road.

The line is almost built and ready for use between Omaha and Chicago. When this section is completed, the system will be put into use, and the main office of the Illinois Central will bring into close touch all the agencies of the road in the state of Iowa. The inauguration of the dispatching of trains by telephone will be watched with the greatest interest by railroad men generally.

**New Elastic Paper.**

Ex-Senate Senator Arkell of New York has invented a kind of paper which will stretch to a certain extent without tearing. There is a considerable demand for such a paper—for instance, for lining sugar barrels, etc. A great drawback about ordinary papers is that they will not give a particle, and therefore tear easily. The Japanese crepe paper probably suggested the new elastic paper.

**The Wearing of the Green.**

[Olive green is to be substituted for blue as the uniform of the United States army, says a Washington dispatch.] Oh, Paddy, dear, and did you hear the news that's going round? Our soldiers are forbidden by law in blue coats to be forced.

The khaki, too, no more to wear; these colors won't be seen. For there's a proclamation made for wearing of the green.

I met with Teddy Roosevelt, and he took me by the hand. And he said, "How is our army and new uniform so grand? The Irish are the happiest lads that ever you have seen."

They'll fight with always cheerful hearts when wearing of the green.

But since the blue we shall not wear nor khaki, too, no more to wear.

Sure patriot hearts will ne'er forget what blood in those was shed. The old suits we will leave off now, but the men beneath the sod.

We'll honor and revere while we march in the paths they trod.

When the law can stop our love of home from growing as 'twill grow And Irish lads to Yankee joys no more can hope to go.

We'll change once more the color in which we're to be seen. But till that time, please God, we'll stick to wearing of the green.

**PROGRESSIVE  
NEW ZEALAND**

[Special Correspondence.]  
Christchurch, New Zealand, Aug. 15.

—Once more the government of this most interesting and most progressive of British colonies is demonstrating the fact that it is peculiarly devoted to the interests of the masses, but this time the object is to assist strangers and tourists in the country rather than the New Zealanders themselves.

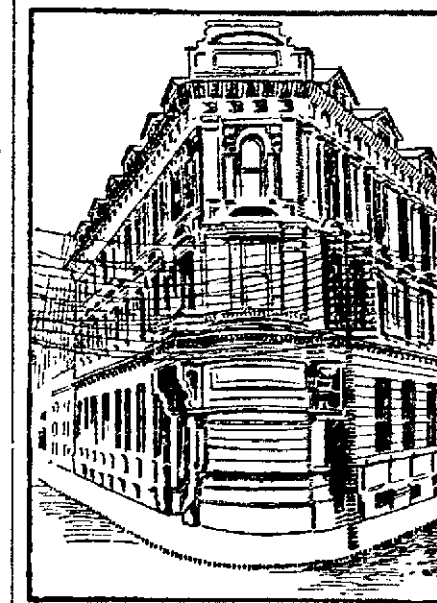
Under the tutelage of T. E. Donne, secretary of the department of commerce and industries, the government is actively employed in the establishment of a complete tourist agency department, with offices throughout the country. Here travelers can make themselves at home, can write letters, cable to the outside world, receive their mail, leave packages and even be provided with developing rooms for changing and working on photographic plates, a boon that will be greatly appreciated in these days by camera laden tourists.

Of course it is certain that this scheme of the government will indirectly redound to the benefit of the people of the country, for New Zealand will be made more attractive to the tourists, who will make longer visits than under the ordinary conditions of travel and will therefore leave more money in the country. The result will also be that more people will be attracted to the colony than in the past, and the probability is that a number of them will remain here, thus adding to the wealth and population. The feeling is that too little is known in the outer world of the wonders of the country, and this plan is undertaken in the hope that it will attract "all the world and his wife" to visit New Zealand and see for themselves the progress that the colony is making.

It is not generally known that New Zealand has many regulations in its governmental affairs that place it many years ahead of other nations, and all these regulations have the sole object of benefiting the people, not the few. Taxes can be paid in any post-office, and life insurance and accident insurance premiums are payable at the same place. By act of parliament the postmaster or postmistress can marry couples. Postal savings banks are also a popular and important feature of the system. It is said that today there are no less than 212,546 separate depositors in these postal banks out of a population of 885,000 people, with a total of \$22,000,000 on deposit. These deposits all receive interest at the rate of 3 per cent.

Government ownership of railways, telephones and telegraphs is an established fact in New Zealand. The government has also instituted, owns and operates life and accident insurance companies and labor bureaus. Here strikes are unknown, labor grievances all being passed on by an arbitration court composed of the judges of the supreme court, one representative of the manufacturers and one representative of the organized labor interests. The leading features of the arbitration law of New Zealand are well worth noting as showing what can be accomplished by simple legal procedure.

The law applies only to industries in which there are trades unions. It does not prevent private conciliation



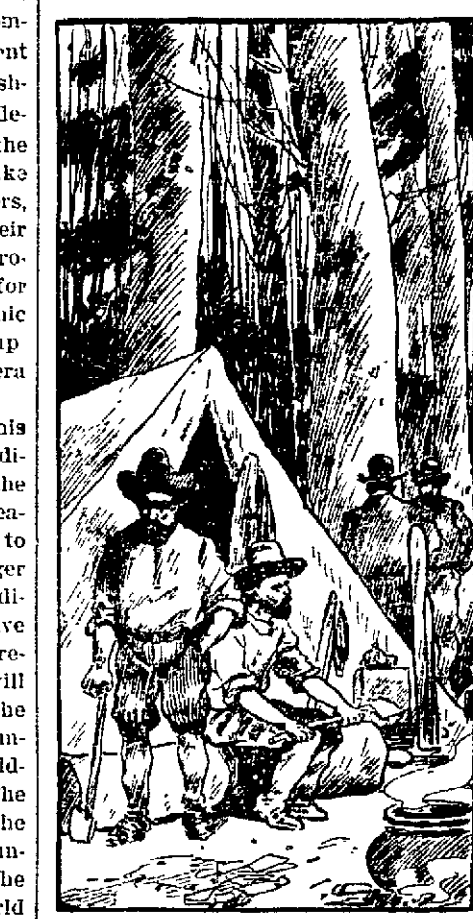
BANK OF NEW ZEALAND.

or arbitration. Conciliation is exhausted by the state before it resorts to arbitration. If conciliation is unsuccessful, the disputants must arbitrate. Disobedience of the decision may be punished or not, at the discretion of the court.

The compulsion of the law is threefold—compulsory publicity, compulsory reference to a disinterested arbiter, provided the disputants will not arbitrate voluntarily, and compulsory obedience to the decision. It does not forbid nor prevent disputes, but makes the antagonists fight their battles in court according to a legal code instead of the ordinary "rules of war." There is no "making men work by law" and no "fixing wages by law." The law says only that if they work it must be without strikes or lockouts and that if they cannot agree as to wages the decision must be left to an impartial tribunal.

Another matter of great economic interest is the question of ownership of land. The New Zealand government has no love for large land holders and is doing all it can to have the country divided up into small farms. They especially dislike absentee landlords, and if the owner of property lives outside of the country he has to pay 20 per cent more taxes than resident owners. Large land holders are deemed a social pest, and everything is done to force them to sell out and leave the country. On the other hand, small farmers come in for tender cultivation, and every means is employed to make their life worth living.

The farmer need only bring his poultry to the government depots, and there it will be plucked, dressed, frozen and shipped to England by the federal



CAMP OF GOVERNMENT WOODCHOPPERS.

authorities, who act as agents for the small farmer and sell his produce at a commission of 4 cents per pound. The government lends the small farmer money and helps him to get along when troubles arise. The man whose income is less than \$1,500 escapes scot free, paying no taxes. The farmer whose farm is worth only \$2,500 is also exempt from taxation. The man who takes a poor piece of property and improves it pays taxes only on what it was worth when he bought it. The rich man, on the other hand, has to pay taxes on his land, on his income on everything.

The public holdings in New Zealand are very large, and the government disposes of them to settlers on very easy terms and in varying methods. There is one way by which the government employs those who are out of work—to clear the lands of timber and rock and sow them in grass. Then they are divided into small farms and are allotted to settlers at a perpetual rental large enough to cover the cost of clearing and at the same time give a fair interest on the value of the land. The size of such holdings is about 100 acres each.

Another interesting feature of the conduct of affairs in New Zealand is that there are no poorhouses, the aged being pensioned by the government after their sixty-fifth year. The law applies to old women as well as to old men. If a man's income at the age of sixty-five is not more than \$170 a year, he is given an annual pension of \$30, and if the income of his wife added to his does not exceed \$340 the couple receive \$180 yearly. If the man's income is a little more than \$170, he is given enough to make it total \$300. The law has been in effect since 1898 and requires to support it a tax of more than a dollar a year for every inhabitant of New Zealand.

The colonization of the islands of New Zealand dates from the end of the year 1842, and in spite of the fact that the government possessed no territory in the country on which they might settle few communities can point to a record of such substantial progress. This is the more remarkable owing to the fact that the country has been devastated by two native wars, each of which retarded settlement for years, besides loading the young community with a war debt heavy indeed in proportion to its population.

Since the war of 1863 was finally put an end to in 1868, there has been no trouble of an organized character with the Maoris, who may now be regarded in the light of peaceable and often valuable citizens, with full representation in the colonial representative house of parliament and with several of their principal chiefs sitting in the council or senate of the colony.

The European population of New Zealand numbers fully 750,000, while, according to the last census, there were nearly 15,000 natives, inclusive of nearly 3,000 half castes. The results have so far been, on the whole, remarkably successful, and New Zealand may be looked upon as one of the most progressive of countries and of all the Australasian colonies that in which the wealth is most equally divided among all classes.

VICTOR R. DAVIDSON.

**SEVERAL MIRACULOUS CURES**

Have Already Been Effected by the British Doctors at 100 W. Main St. They are Giving Their Services Free for Three Months to All Invalids Who Call Before August 31.

A staff of eminent physicians and surgeons from the British Medical Institute have, at the urgent solicitation of a large number of patients under their care in this country, established a permanent branch of the Institute in this city, Flat 2 Avalon Flats, first floor, (west end entrance, 100 West Main street.

These eminent gentlemen have decided to give their services entirely free for three months (medicines excepted) to all invalids who call on them for treatment between now and Aug. 31st.

These services consist not only of consultation, examination and advice, but also of all minor surgical operations.

The object in pursuing this course is to become rapidly and personally acquainted with the sick and afflicted, and under no conditions will any charge whatever be made for any services rendered for three months, to all who call before Aug. 31st.

The doctors treat all forms of disease and deformities, and guarantee a cure in every case they undertake. At the first interview a thorough examination is made, and if incurable, you are frankly and kindly told so; also advised against spending your money for useless treatment.

Male and female weakness, catarrh and catarrhal deafness, also varicocele, rupture, goitre, cancer, cataract of the eye and cross eyes, all diseases of the rectum and skin, are positively cured by their new treatment.

Cases requiring it are diagnosed by the X-Ray method.

The chief associate surgeon of the institute is in personal charge.

Hours, 9 to 8. Sundays, 10 to 1.

**A GOOD HOME**

For Sale: One of the best residences in the city, built regardless of cost, eleven rooms, large halls, and bathroom, two story, laundry building, house heated by perfect steam system. Hot and cold water. Lot 55x198 feet. Only one and a half squares from the public square. Large, well built stable. This is very valuable property but the owner is going to sell it.

**GIL. C. DAUGHERTY**

No. 13 1-2 South Side Square.



A good glass of Pure Beer with your dinner, supper or lunch will prove refreshing and nourishing. There is none better than

**Consumer's  
BEER**

It is brewed right here in Newark, and recommended by all physicians.

**SPEND YOUR VACATION  
ON THE GREAT LAKES**

DETROIT AND CLEVELAND  
Leave DETROIT, daily, 10:30 p. m.  
Arrive CLEVELAND, 5:30 a. m.  
making connections with all railroads for points East.

Leave CLEVELAND, daily, 10:15 p. m.  
Arrive DETROIT, 5:30 a. m.

connecting with  
D. & C. Steamers for Mackinac, "Soo," Marquette, Duluth, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Petoskey, Milwaukee, Chicago and Georgian Bay also with all railroads for points in MICHIGAN and the West.

Day Trips between Detroit and Cleveland during July and August.

**MACKINAC ISLAND**  
Leave TOLEDO Mondays and Saturdays 9:30 a. m. and Tuesdays and Thursdays 4:00 p. m.  
Leave DETROIT Mondays and Saturdays 5:00 p. m. and Wednesdays and Fridays 9:30 a. m.

Send 2 cents for illustrated pamphlet.  
ADDRESS  
A. A. SCHWARTZ, G. P. A., Detroit, Mich.



## General Debility

Day in and out there is that feeling of weakness that makes a burden of itself. Food does not strengthen. Sleep does not refresh. It is hard to do, hard to bear, what should be easy, — vitality is on the ebb, and the whole system suffers. For this condition take

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

It vitalizes the blood, gives vigor and tone to all the organs and functions, and is positively unequalled for all run-down or debilitated conditions.

HOOD'S PILLS cure constipation. 25 cents.

## CASE DISMISSED

Mrs. Annie Mossman Arrested on the Complaint of Her Husband Discharged by the Mayor.

The preliminary hearing of Mrs. Annie Mossman who was arrested on a warrant issued on an affidavit subscribed by her husband, Prof. Mac Mossman, in which he swore that he was afraid she would shoot him, resulted in her dismissal by Mayor Forry, Saturday afternoon.

Professor Mossman said Monday morning that the statement that "threats were made on both sides," was erroneous as he had never threatened his wife. B. G. Smythe appeared for Mrs. Mossman while Walter A. Irvine represented the prosecution.

## PENNSYLVANIA EXCURSIONS

## REDUCED FARES.

Chance for Trips via Pennsylvania Lines at Small Cost.

Special Fares to West and Northwest via Pennsylvania Lines—Special round trip tickets to Iowa, Wisconsin, Northern Minnesota, Manitoba and North Dakota points will be sold at low rates via Pennsylvania Lines August 1st to 15th, inclusive, and September 1st to September 10th, inclusive. For particulars about rates time of trains, etc., apply to Passenger and Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines.

CALIFORNIA and the NORTHWEST.—If you are thinking of going to Utah, Idaho, Montana, Washington, Oregon, California, New Mexico or Arizona, during September or October it would be greatly to your interest to communicate with me, advising your objective point, the number of persons in your party and the time you expect to start, as the Missouri Pacific Railway have authorized during mentioned period unusually low one-way colonist rates to the described territory which are lower than ever. Maps and illustrated printed matter free. A. A. Gallagher, D. P. A., 415 Walnut St., Cincinnati, O. dtf

## NOTICE TO UNION MEN AND THE PUBLIC.

All Labor Day suits must be procured before Labor Day, as all stores will positively be closed on that day, according to contract with Retail Clerk's Local, 178.

## NOTICE TO MERCHANTS.

Any merchant violating his contract with Retail Clerk's Union will be declared unfair. By order of Local No. 178. Chas. Eagle, Sec. 8-23-7t

## FRUIT FARM FOR SALE.

Fifty acres 3 1/2 miles from Court House, finely improved, 6 acres orchard, spring, etc. A bargain if so. soon. Reese R. Jones. 8-15-12d

My new residence with barn, etc., in Chalybrate Springs Park, will be sold at a nominal price to the right party. Up to date in every arrangement. Call to see me. B. M. O'Boylan. 8-16-dif

## NOTICE.

All bricklayers, masons, and plasterers, leave order for Labor Day suits at Mitchell, VanAtta & Co.'s at once. Committee. 8-20-d5t

## A WEEK DAY WEDDING.

An English paper records the recent marriage near Cornwall of Miss Jane weeks to Mr. Thomas Day and adds: A Day is gained, A Week is lost— But time cannot complain; For soon there will Be Days enough To make a Week again.

This will doubtless come as a shock Professor E. Benjamin Andrews, who says some means must soon be found for limiting the earth's population. Perhaps Professor Andrews can help by filing an early protest with the Days prevent the impending disaster—Chicago Record-Herald.

## NOTICE.

All persons having rooms to let for lodging please notify the undersigned. The great number of visitors at the Elks' Carnival will necessitate getting all rooms possible. State number you can accommodate and price. 8-25-3t CHARLES W. MILLER, Secretary.

## ANECDOTES OF MORGAN

## Side Lights on the World's Financial Colossus.

## HOW HE IS TRUSTED BY RICH MEN

Walter Wellman Tells of the Blind Confidence Moneyed Men Have in the Banker's Wonderful Ability. Amusing Experience With the Bank of England—How He Was Worked by a Messenger Boy—Recent Treatment of a Photographer.

Apropos of the fact that J. Pierpont Morgan is the man of the hour the following anecdotes depicting the characteristics of the financial colossus of the age are of timely interest:

Just before he landed in New York the other day J. Pierpont Morgan was asked by a photographer if he would pose for his picture. Mr. Morgan replied, "No; I would not pose for you for \$5,000,000." An attempt upon the part of a photographer to take a snapshot aroused the indignation of Mr. Morgan, and for a time he stood with his cane firmly gripped in his hand looking at the camera. When told that no picture had been taken, says the New York Herald, he turned and walked down the deck.

Walter Wellman, according to a San Francisco exchange, tells this story, illustrative of the blind confidence moneyed men place in J. Pierpont Morgan: "It is no uncommon thing for Mr. Morgan to take hold of a project requiring \$10,000,000, \$20,000,000 or \$50,000,000. Without consulting any one, he decides what he is going to do. In a few hours his messengers are on the way to the offices of his clientele, all big firms or capitalists. They carry and deliver notes which read something like this:

"Dear Sir—There is an operation which requires about \$20,000,000 and six months' time. Your share is one million." J. P. M. "Within a couple of hours Mr. Morgan has in his hands checks for \$20,000,000, or whatever the sum is that he wants. Not one of the subscribers knows what he is up to, and the curious part of it is that not one of them dares ask him a single question. For six months their money is in his hands, a pool in which every one but himself is blind, and at the expiration of that period they get their checks back, with 'snug profits.' I believe if Mr. Morgan were pushed to it he could raise a thousand millions of dollars in forty-eight hours."

J. Pierpont Morgan is always a liberal man, but he knows how to invest his money where it will do the most good. Last year Mr. Morgan tried the world famous baths at Aix-les-Bains, in Savoy, for rheumatic troubles, says the Milwaukee Wisconsin. Whenever he leaves a place, he always takes good care of the servants. The following incident is related of how the great banker was persuaded by a messenger boy to give him \$500 when \$100 would have been a liberal compensation:

"Pierre," said Mr. Morgan on the day of his departure from the watering place, "Pierre, here is \$100 for your honesty and promptness." (The boy had been the steel trust magnate's messenger for two weeks.)

"A thousand thanks, monseigneur," replied Pierre, fumbling the money undecidedly. "But monseigneur—"

"But—what?" cried Mr. Morgan. "Did you expect me to give you a million?"

"No, monseigneur, you gave me more than I deserve, but I would like your permission to tell the hotel servants that you gave me \$500."

"Why, you young rascal?"

"In monseigneur's own interest, to be sure. I like to make people believe that you made money at the bourse instead of losing some during the recent crisis of which the newspapers tell."

"You are a clever fellow," laughed Mr. Morgan, "but I don't want you to tell lies on my account. Here is \$400 more."

While in London a short time ago J. Pierpont Morgan visited the Bank of England with a large currency note, for which he wished to obtain gold, says the New York Times. The teller examined the note and handed it back. "You have not indorsed it," he said, glad of an opportunity to occupy an attitude.

"Is this not payable on demand?" asked Mr. Morgan, simulating surprise.

"Yes, if indorsed," laughingly. The magnate frowned. "I am very careful whose notes I indorse," he said with mock severity.

"Do you challenge the Bank of England?" gasped the clerk, gazing at the visitor as upon a blasphemer.

"If you are solvent, why do you want my name on your paper?"

The glare of suspicion which accompanied the words was too much for the clerk; he stared speechlessly.

"Very well," continued the magnate with vigor, "we will let it go to protest."

The petrified clerk looked alarmed about it, but could offer nothing in reply except a numbed and ridiculous assurance that the bank was not in distress. Then Mr. Morgan smiled and indorsed the note.

An insurance officer, who claims to be the only man in his line who ever talked business to J. Pierpont Morgan, remarked the other day, according to the San Francisco Argonaut: "I could more easily see the hundred hardest men in San Francisco than do it again. Never mind how I did it. I walked in on Morgan at the office one day and stated my business. 'How did

you get in here?' said he. 'I walked in,' said I. 'Well, walk out,' said he. I did."

An amusing story is related of J. Pierpont Morgan in connection with one of his visits to Dinnan, in France, says the Pittsburgh Dispatch. He employed a local photographer to develop a number of views that he had been taking with his camera, but the photographer did not know the financier and hesitated whether he should complete the work or not before having some assurance that he was going to be paid for it.

So he went down to the local bank and asked the manager if he happened to know anything about a gentleman named Morgan.

"An American?" asked the manager. "Yes," replied the photographer. "Mr.—what is it?—eh, Pierpont Morgan."

"Precisely," replied the manager. "Well, we know all we want to know about him."

"Oh, monsieur, will it be safe to trust him for 300 francs?"

"Trust him," cried the banker, "trust him for anything and everything he takes it into his head to dream of!"

A leading jeweler of Paris tells the following story about J. Pierpont Morgan, says the New York World:

Mr. Morgan had seen two magnificent diamonds in the jeweler's shop and wanted to present them to the New York Museum of Natural History for its collection of precious stones, but he thought the price, \$8,000, extortionate. A few days later, however, being then in London, Mr. Morgan wrote to the jeweler to send the diamonds to him for a second examination, which was done. Within a week the jeweler received another letter from Mr. Morgan, accompanying a small box heavily sealed. The letter said:

"The stones are really perfect. I would like to buy them, but think your price abnormal. That's why I send them back. If you can let me have them for \$6,000, telegraph, at the same time returning, duly reinsured, without troubling about breaking the seals, in order to save time."

The jeweler decided not to reduce the price and opened the box. The diamonds were not there, but instead he found Mr. Morgan's check for \$8,000, with this brief note: "I'll take them anyhow. Send receipt."

Here is a little story about Ohio's governor from the New York Press:

It is not the custom to refer to J. Pierpont Morgan as the good Samaritan, but he has in his time acted the part. Governor Bushnell of Ohio was a very ill man when the dedication of Grant's tomb brought the Buckeye soldiers to New York. Colonel Harry Prettyman of his staff, noticing that his chief was about to fall from his horse on the march up Fifth avenue, hastened to the nearest house and said hurriedly to the footman, "Will you please tell me who lives in this house?" "Mr. Morgan," was the reply. "Which Mr. Morgan?" "Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan." "Is he at home?" "He is, sir." "Please say that I am Colonel Prettyman of Governor Bushnell's staff. The governor is seriously ill and must have a short rest. Ask Mr. Morgan if I may bring him in here." The great financier came to the door, welcomed Colonel Prettyman, assisted Governor Bushnell into the house and entertained his guest in right royal style. After a few bracers the Ohio executive resumed his place in the parade.

## A NOVEL DINNER.

Guests Ate at a Table Resembling a Miniature Farmyard.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Clinch Smith gave the most original entertainment of the season thus far at Bergers the other night for their seventy guests, says a dispatch from Newport to the New York World. It was called a farmyard dinner, and guests were seated at a table which was made to resemble a farmyard. Four hundred fresh green sods cut especially for the occasion covered the table, which was twenty feet square. In the center was a miniature pond, with live ducks and geese in the water, while running about on the green grass were hens and chickens and two little pigs.

A miniature farmhouse occupied a prominent position in the landscape, and there were other rustic features on the farmyard table. The room also was made to resemble a country scene. All the decorations were elaborate and artistic. Dancing followed the dinner.

## De Wet and Scotch Whisky.

De Wet is possessed of humor. One of the leading officials in a refugee camp was a Scotchman who during the dinner took occasion in offering the Boer general a drink to say he must have got a fair amount of whisky among his captured convoys, says the Washington Post. De Wet was much amused at this and said that before attacking a convoy he made inquiries as to its being guarded by Scotchmen. If this were so, he further inquired if it contained any whisky. If the second condition accompanied the first, he always gave the convoy a wide berth, because he knew the beggars would fight to the last man.

## King Coal.

Old King Coal was a jolly old soul, and the reason was plain to see. He wouldn't relax a farthing of tax. And he gathered his gold with glee.

He called for his pipe, and the public must wipe.

The smoke from his snorting eyes: He called for his glass, and strange visions would pass Of a power which none defies.

His soldiers, too, were brought forth to view, And he frolicked a measure gay, And he paused to sing, 'I have had my fling, And the public will have to pay.'

—Washington Star.

## AMUSEMENTS.

With the season nearing its close, Idlewild, one of the finest summer amusement resorts in all Ohio, with its historical landmarks, picturesque scenery, beautiful driveways and cool retreats still retains its popularity and it is with regret that its thousands of patrons are reminded that the time is nearing for its gates to close, leaving not only a remembrance of the pleasant outings spent there in the past season, but an anticipation of the ones in the seasons to come. In the offerings at the Casino booked for the closing weeks Manager Lungaiteer has made special efforts to secure such talent as shall maintain the standard of excellence in fashionable and refined vaudeville that has always been his aim to sustain. The bill presented at the Casino this week is evenly balanced throughout and is composed of a group of undivided numbers that is sure to please. The premier hand equilibrium, Lee Ingham opens the bill with feats of daring hand balancing that are varied and numerous. He is followed by the descriptive baritone Lillian Walton, who is the possessor of a well modulated voice, a pleasing stage presence and renders her selections in a highly enjoyable manner.

Coin's comedy dogs present a little vaudeville show in themselves and will prove a source of much pleasure to those interested in the antics of trained animals. There are twelve of them, ranging in size from Cuba, a handsome, big Scotch collie, down to a little black French poodle. They are well trained and decidedly funny, the number being a laughable one.

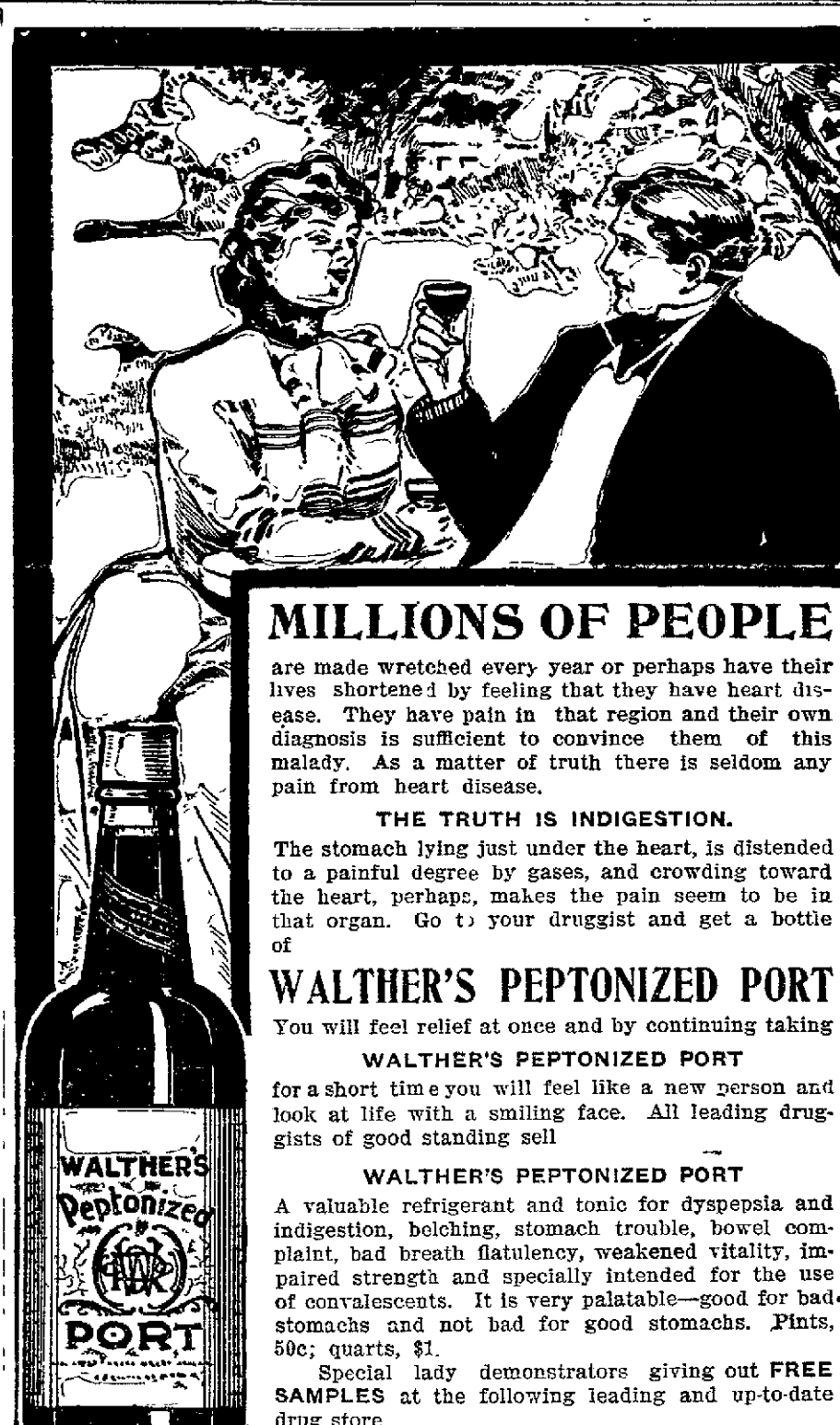
After the intermission, Frederick Lloyd Knyvett, billed as Clever Tana, presents an entertainment that while not new, is a feature that will be highly appreciated as he introduces ventriloquism in its severest tests and with the aid of his wooden figures causes much merriment and wonder at his ability which places him in the front rank of the few A. No. 1 ventriloquists. The bill is closed by the acrobatic comedians, "Lost" Collins and "Found" Hart, who have made a decided hit in vaudeville and present a novelty act that overflows with laughter and mirth. Their acrobatic work is extremely clever and their entrance is unique, while their exit causes a sensation not soon forgotten. They are a strong team and will prove a drawing card. The overture by Fletcher's Imperial orchestra is a selection from "Mam'selle Awkins," a march and two step "Elsacca," and the regular outdoor concerts.

## PENNSYLVANIA.

A play revealing a set of some very quaint and other heroic characters derived from actual life in the mines adjacent to Wilkesbarre, thrilling in climaxes and scenic sensations, such is "Pennsylvania" the latest state named play. It is the joint production of Daniel L. Hart of Wilkesbarre, author of Dan Sully's success, "The Parish Priest," and C. E. Callahan, writer of the well known "Foggy Ferry" and "Coon Hollow." "Pennsylvania" is replete with humorous and heroic characters. One of these depicts the destruction of a coal mine by an explosion. Coal cars, a real elevator, miners at work with regulation lights on caps and the introduction of specialties by the Black Diamond quartet are features of this scene. "Pennsylvania" will be at the Auditorium here Wednesday night, Aug. 27.

## IN FAIR JAPAN.

The queer, the beautiful, the quaint, the artistic, the savage, the lovable, are all in one great scene in Fair Japan as it is presented by the Bostock-Ferrari Mighty Midway Carnival aggregation. The curious narrow streets, the romantic tea gardens the quaint shops and pagodas, the strange amusements, the marvelous industries, the fierce looking headmen with their big swords, the meek and humble coolies, the beautiful geisha girls serving fragrant tea, the funny musicians who make strange noises they consider melody, the doll-like little ladies in their kimono, the skilled ivory carvers, artists and tattooers and the thousand and one queer sights and scenes that go to make up the greatest, grandest and most complete Japanese aggregation ever brought across the seas. The modes of life, the industries, the sports and pastimes, and every phrase of oriental existence is shown most pleasingly and instructively, ending as it does into a beautiful, brightly colored picture of Asiatic splendor which has been most justly and truly designated to its hundreds of thousands of visitors as "Fair Japan" it will be seen here with the



## MILLIONS OF PEOPLE

are made wretched every year or perhaps have their lives shortened by feeling that they have heart disease. They have pain in that region and their own diagnosis is sufficient to convince them of this malady. As a matter of truth there is seldom any pain from heart disease.

## THE TRUTH IS INDIGESTION.

The stomach lying just under the heart, is distended to a painful degree by gases, and crowding toward the heart, perhaps, makes the pain seem to be in that organ. Go to your druggist and get a bottle of

## WALTHER'S PEPTONIZED PORT

You will feel relief at once and by continuing taking

## WALTHER'S PEPTONIZED PORT

for a short time you will feel like a new person and look at life with a smiling face. All leading druggists of good standing sell

## WALTHER'S PEPTONIZED PORT

A valuable refrigerant and tonic for dyspepsia and indigestion, belching, stomach trouble, bowel complaint, bad breath flatulency, weakened vitality, impaired strength and specially intended for the use of convalescents. It is very palatable—good for bad stomachs and not bad for good stomachs. Pints, 50c; quarts, \$1.

Special lady demonstrators giving out FREE SAMPLES at the following leading and up-to-date drug store.

## HALL'S DRUG STORE.

Elks' carnival beginning one week from today.

## ALASKA THURSDAY NIGHT.

Lincoln J. Carter's greatest success Alaska, a realistic story from the far north is to be seen at the Auditorium Thursday night next, Aug. 28.

Read Advocate want ads, page 6.

## A DEAD LETTER LAW.

Why It Is Thus in a Certain Town in the Southwest.

"I happened to be laid over at a town in the southwest," said the traveler, "and as I walked about the streets I noticed dozens of hogs wallowing in the mud or sleeping on the sidewalks. When I finally came across the city marshal, I mentioned this fact and asked him why the animals were not restrained."

"Waal, I believe that is a law to do it," he slowly replied.

"And why isn't the law enforced?"

"It's left to me, and I can't skassly see my way clear."

"But there are the hogs, and there is the law."

"Yes, but that's something else."

"I was about to ask him what it was when a dog came along and pitched into a hog fresh from a roll in the mud, and the porker uttered a loud squeal as the sharp teeth upped his leg. The squeal had not yet died away when fifty men, each with a gun in his hand, came running out of houses, saloons and stores and looked for somebody to shoot."

"You see," said the marshal as the crowd broke up and scattered, "that's the law and that's the haws, but when every man in town owns a haw and is willin' to fight for him what you goin' to do about it?"

M. QUAD.

## Utterly Heartless.

"So you never talk about people behind their backs?"

"No," answered the woman, with a grim expression. "If I know anything which would annoy a friend, I always tell it in her presence. I wouldn't miss seeing her embarrassment for anything."—Town Topics.

## HERE'S A POINTER.

Read it, It's Short, Sharp and to the Point.

Mrs. L. McFarland of No. 40 1/2 South Second street, Newark, O., says: "Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are a fine nerve tonic. They make ones nerves strong and steady—their sleep natural and their strength good where one's weak, nervous and sleepless. The Nerve Pills are just the thing and I shall keep Mr. Bricker of the City Drug store in mind should I need more."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase, Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on every package. 2454

Another Invasion of England. The Philadelphia street railway magnate, P. A. B. Widener, is about to begin the construction of a huge sys-



tem between Liverpool and Manchester, England. The sum to be expended is said to be \$20,000,000.

## Bible in New Tongues.

Four hitherto unknown tongues so far as print is concerned are now being added to the list of languages in which the British and Foreign Bible society prints the gospels, and of these three are for the benefit of subjects of his majesty King Edward, says the London Telegraph. The New Testament is to be turned into Nyanja, for the tribes of the Shire river bank, Nyanja, and in this work the Livingstonia mission of the United Free Church of Scotland, the Blantyre mission of the Established Church of Scotland and the Myra mission of the Dutch Reformed church are collaborating. A version in Yalunka is nearly ready for natives of the Palaba district of Sierra Leone and in Bengali for the inhabitants of Isabel island, one of the Solomon group. Lastly, a translation into Visayan, spoken by some 2,000,000 persons in the Philippine archipelago, is being undertaken. All are enterprises of great interest to philologists.

## Adirondack Forest Nursery.

The state of New York now has a baby forest in the Adirondacks where trees are being raised to reforest a denuded tract, says the Rome Sentinel. This has brought the state fish, game and forest commission to the consideration of a project to establish tree nurseries in the woods on much the same principle of the state fish hatcheries. After trees have had the proper growth they would be given free to citizens and municipalities and used where needed on state lands. In this way it is hoped to reclaim much denuded land. The proposition is commendable. It emphasizes, however, the folly of permitting what remains of the Adirondack forest lands to be cut over if the state later is to be at considerable expense to undertake the slow process of reforestation.

## FREE SAMPLE OF

## WALTHER'S PEPTONIZED PORT.

At leading and up-to-date druggists. The proof of the pudding is in trying it. Test the merits of this world's famous Tonic and invigorator.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 3, 1901.

I think it my duty to send you a recommendation for the benefit of any person wishing to know whether Walther's Peptonized Port is good or not. I know it is good for general debility and indigestion, strengthens the nervous system and makes new life. I always recommend it to my patients. DR. A. PRATT.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 14, 1901.

I have been sick for the past six years with dyspepsia and general weakness. I have used Peptonized Port and it has done wonders for me. I am well and able to eat, work and sleep well. I cannot say too much for Peptonized Port.

SIMON ROBBINS.

Winsted, Forsyth Co., N. C.

Gentlemen:—I desire to express to you my thanks for your wonderful Peptonized Port. I was troubled with dyspepsia for five years previous to commencing to use your Port, some six months ago. My cure has been wonderful. I am pastor of the First Methodist church of this place and my congregation can testify to the great virtues of your preparation.

REV. H. WINTHROP.

## CHANGE OF MIND.

I declined to insert your advertisement of Walther's Peptonized Port last year, because I then thought it might not be promotive of the cause of temperance, but find it is a very valuable medicine, myself and wife having been greatly benefited by it, and I take great pleasure in saying it.

REV. JOHN SEWELL, Editor Home Sentinel, Oswego, N. Y.

J. B. Rosebrough, Manager

## THE AUDITORIUM

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 27

The Latest "State-Named" Comedy-Drama,

## "Pennsylvania"

A heart story of the Wyoming Valley. By C. C. Callahan and Dan L. Hart.

Exclusively Special Scenery. The Vivid Burning Culm. The Shaft of the Coal Mine. Real Elevator, Coal Cars and Miners at Work.

The Awful Explosion and Cave-in. The Thrilling Strike Scene. The Famous Eagle Quartette.

A play with Natural Characters, Witty Dialogue, Intense Climaxes, Funny situations and select company.

Prices, 25, 50 and 75 cents.

One Night.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 28

Lincoln J. Carter's greatest success,

## ALASKA

A Realistic Story of the Far North.

Special Scenery.

See the great Novel Mechanical Effects, Volcano Scene and a great cast.

Prices 25, 50 and 75 cents.



For sale by S. E. Forsythe.

## SAMUEL M. HUNTER, Attorney and Counselor at Law.

Office over Horner & Edmiston's Book Store, south of City House. Will practice in Licking and adjoining counties. Special attention given to collections, correspondence and the business of executors, administrators and guardians.



If you're run down and nervous—if you're dyspeptic, bilious or rheumatic—take



**WRIGHT'S CELERY TEA**  
See and see a box. Druggists or by mail.  
WRIGHT MEDICAL CO.,  
Columbus, Ohio.

**PENNYROYAL PILLS**  
Original and Only Genuine.  
SAFETY. No Vomiting. No Pain. No Discharge.  
CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH  
PILLS FOR WOMEN  
In Menstrual and Gynecological Disorders.  
In Pains of the Head, Stomach, Liver, and Bowels.  
In Indigestion, Flatulence, and Constipation.  
In Neuralgia, Rheumatism, and Gout.  
In Dropsy, Gravel, and Hemorrhoids.  
In all cases of Female Weakness and Disorder.  
Sold by all Druggists.  
Medicine Square, Philadelphia, Pa.

**E. M. P. BRISTER**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW—NEWARK.  
Office in room formerly occupied by Joel M. Dennis, northwest corner West Main and Third streets.  
Will practice in all the courts. Special attention given to the settlement of estates.

**JOSEPH RENZ**  
NOTARY PUBLIC—REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.  
Office at Auditor's Office in Court House. Deeds and mortgages written. All business entrusted to me will be promptly and carefully attended to.

**DR. J. T. LEWIS**  
Dentist.  
Teeth extracted without pain. Work guaranteed. Office hours, 8 to 12 a. m., 1 to 6 p. m. Open Wednesday, Saturday and evenings 7 to 9. No. 42 North Third Street.

**DRINK**  
Pride of Maryland  
Pure Rye.  
10 years old.  
\$1.00 per quart  
NEWARK LIQUOR CO.  
18 NORTH PARK PLACE.  
Newark, Ohio.  
Sole controllers.  
Mail orders promptly attended to.

**HARINA SOAP**  
is made from pure vegetable oils and being medicated with germicide, keeps the pores open and makes the skin soft and velvety. Cures pimples, blotches, freckles, and sunburn. Recommended for the bath, nursing, and complexion, and makes the hair shine, soft and silky. 25c. cakes, a drug shop. "Harina" Soap is the standard for quality and purity.

**NOTICE**  
If you want the best Warm Air Furnace, Spouting, Tin, Sheet and Iron Roofing, Steel Ceilings, Sheet Iron and Copper work, Repairing, Workmanship and Material call on

**Bailey & Keeley**  
Nos. 78 and 80 West Main St.  
New Phone 133

**S.A. YOUNG**  
The Newark Optician,  
8 West Main St.

**The Police Court**  
Night Patrolman Pat Carroll has been temporarily transferred to the day force, to take the place of Officer Barney Kennedy who is now switching in the B. & O. yards.  
John Jones, colored, and Sam Haynes were arrested for drunkenness by Officers Zergiegal and Carroll.

**Novel Use For Automobile.**  
Automobilism has made great progress in England, as in other countries, during the last few years, owing to a large extent to the passage of the act permitting the use of "locomotives on highways." It is, however, probable that none of the enthusiasts who supported that measure and who prophesied a great future for the automobile had any idea of the variety of uses to which the now popular vehicle would be put. It has been in many remarkable places and has performed many remarkable feats and has been put to some remarkable uses, but never until quite recently has it been made to act as a pulpit, says the New York Herald. This was the new use found for the automobile at the Colchester volunteer maneuvers, and to the chaplain of the Third Essex volunteers belongs the distinction of being the first to conduct a religious service from so strange a pulpit.

## INDICATION OF GREAT SUCCESS

For the Ohio State Fair at Columbus, Sept. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.

All the Exhibition Space Taken and the Public May Expect a Show.

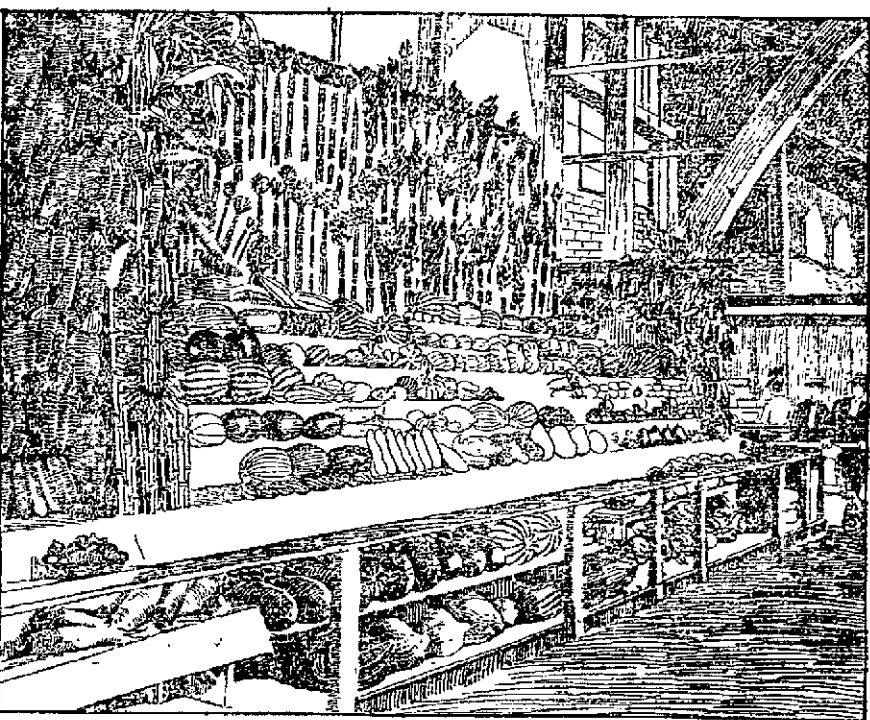
FULL AND COMPLETE IN EACH DEPARTMENT

With Many Special Attractions of Usual Interest to Entertain Visitors Each Day—An Outing to the State Fair is the Proper Thing.

Indications promise success in every feature of the great State Fair at Columbus, that will be open to the public in all the grandeur of a magnificent industrial event on the days of Sept. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 next. The arrangements already completed and the work in active progress for classifying and displaying the vast exhibits scheduled for show in the various buildings and departments, so as to obtain the best results to the public, reveal to the management a general exhibition of superior merit and well representing the products and manufactures to which Ohio lays claim.

The student of agriculture will find at the State Fair much to illustrate the possibilities of production under proper methods and improved varieties, that will well repay the time devoted to the fair.

The breeder of live stock or the farmer seeking to improve his herds and flocks will gain more and better ideas and practical lessons at the



SECTION IN AGRICULTURAL PRODUCT BUILDING.

fair than would be possible to secure in any other manner or at any other place.

The man who seeks a knowledge of machinery and mechanical appliances will be interested in the acres of machinery that will be on exhibition, and their working and advantages explained by experts representing each particular class.

To the lover of art and the beautiful in useful and ornamental material and manufactures, as well as of fine merchandise and household furnishings, the buildings devoted to those purposes will be filled with the choicest displays, to attract and interest all who visit them.

The woman's building will afford rare pleasure to all who visit it, and especially to those who delight in the endless variety of needle and fancy work, the richness and beauty of the specimen and displays of china, painting and decorated pottery, the art of household ornamentation and the skill of the housewife in the preparation and preservation of foods and luxuries to feast the inner man.

The delights of the State Fair are

during the holding of the forthcoming annual fair.

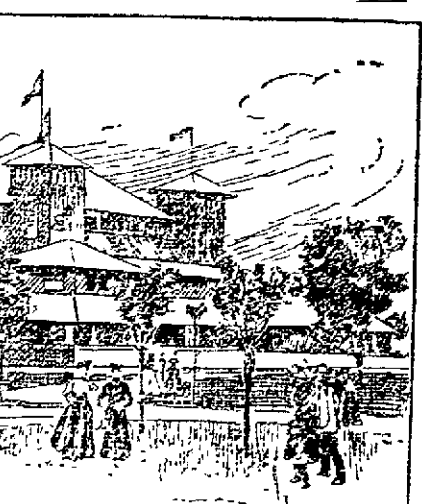
The State fair is assuming proportions never before reached in the history of the management. All the exhibition space in the numerous vast buildings has been taken, and the public may expect an exhibition complete in every department of industrial interest and in every detail of arrangement. The live stock departments, with the largest and best buildings ever known for the purpose, will cover all the known breeds of the several classes, and from all the best stables, herds and flocks in America.

The magnificent grounds upon which the buildings are located and the fair is held are in fine and attractive condition, and afford the most inviting place for a trip of recreation and pleasure.

The special attractions provided for fair visitors are many and of the highest order.

Every person should take an annual outing. This year the State fair at Columbus is the place to go.

Look ahead. You want to go somewhere, so why not select the State fair, the place that will afford you pro-



THE GREAT HORSE BUILDING—STATE FAIR.

not all described in the exhibits. On the speed track, the program begins the very first day and every hour of the time during the entire five days will be fully occupied with interesting events, consisting of fancy horse shows and spirited contests for the liberal purses offered in the trotting and pacing classes.

Over a long stretch, through a delightful portion of the park grounds, will be operated a miniature railway. The tiny engine and passenger coaches will attract great attention and afford much amusement, especially to the little ones, who will crowd the coaches on every trip. This diminutive steam railway service will

fit as well as pleasure and recreation. Go early. Go often. Keep your eyes open and learn what this busy progressive world is doing about you.

Tell your friends what day you will attend the fair, so they may meet you there. Make it a point to see acquaintances and renew friendships. No better occasion than at the fair.

Rapid transit over several lines, steam and streetcars, will get you to and from the grounds and to any part of the city of Columbus without any annoying delays and with the greatest degree of comfort, by reason of an abundance of cars that will be in operation over each of the several lines to the fair grounds.

## BALL FAMILY

Large Gathering of Glass From All Over the Country at Lake Keuka, N. Y.

Mr. Walter Bentley Ball sends the following to the Advocate from the Rochester, N. Y., Chronicle, which will be of interest to the Newark Balls:

The third annual meeting of the Ball International Union, held at Keuka Park yesterday and to continue today, was attended by sixty-four members of that large and increasing family, coming from many states in the Union.

The following executive committee was elected: John Chester Ball, of Newark, N. Y.; Webb C. Ball, of Cleveland, Ohio; William C. Ball, of Muncie, Ind.; J. Johnson Ball, of Bloomingdale, N. Y.; George P. Ball, of Berkshire, N. Y.; J. Harvey Ball, of Delevan, Ill.; Judge Harry Ball, of Portsmouth, Ohio; George H. Ball, D. D., of Keuka Park, N. Y.; George W. Clark, D. D., Hightown, N. J.; Frederick Grant Ball, Cleveland, Ohio.

The following officers were elected: President, Rev. George H. Ball, D. D., Keuka Park; vice presidents, Rev. George W. Clark, Hightown, N. J.; J. H. Vance, Erie, Pa.; George H. Ball, Albany, N. Y.; Rev. T. H. Ball, Crown Point, Ind.; secretary and treasurer, Frederick Grant Ball, Cleveland, Ohio; assistant secretary, Miss Clara E. Ball, Hanover, N. J. Letters of regret were read from many members of the Ball family who were not able to be present.

Very interesting remarks were made by Judge Harry Ball, of Portsmouth, Ohio, relative to sending a representative of the Ball family to England in 1903 to search the records to be found in that country of Balls who emigrated to America, and upon motion, which was unanimously carried, Rev. George H. Ball, of Keuka Park, was made that committee. Several very instructive papers on the early history of the Ball family were read, by different members of the union. The festivities yesterday closed with an elaborate banquet served in the college dining room, at which toasts were responded to by several of the members of the family who were present. The third annual reunion of the Ball family will be concluded today by a grand excursion up Lake Keuka.

## LIGHT ON MOUND BUILDERS

Scientist's Discovery Concerning Prehistoric People.

New and interesting light has been shed upon the habits and customs of the mound builders as the result of an elaborate series of excavations in Ross county recently completed by Dr. W. C. Mills, the curator of the Ohio State Archaeological and Historical society, writes the Chillicothe (O.) correspondent of the Chicago Inter Ocean. These investigations have tended to prove two things—first, that the mound builders lived separately in family groups and not merely in a tribal group, as has been commonly supposed; second, they had a more or less thoroughly organized system of trade which covered almost the entire continent.

By family, of course, is meant the descendants of a patriarch to the third or fourth generation, so that a family might have 100 members, perhaps occasionally even more. These family groups not only lived together in a separate dwelling, but had each a private burying ground.

Dr. Mills has spent the first portion of the summer in completing the exploration of the Mann village site near Moundville. This has proved to be one of the richest and most important ever opened in this country. Its excavation began two years ago, and the many skeletons and curios found formed the basis of the archaeological exhibit at the Buffalo exposition. In completing the work many more valuable finds have been made. Thirty skeletons were found packed within an area of thirty-six square feet. Ocean shells, obsidian, mica and copper, all foreign to Ohio, were found with them. At the head of many of the skeletons pots and jars of beautiful workmanship were found, still intact and unimpaired.

In these jars there was always one or more spoons of tortoise shell, and the jars themselves had evidently been filled with food at the time of the interment. In fact, in one of them a number of grains of parched corn were found, still round, full and in excellent condition. A great variety of pottery and bone ornaments and implements were discovered, and none of a unique or unknown kind.

After completing the excavation of this village site Dr. Mills will move his camp to another about six miles from Chillicothe on the Scioto river. There there is a series of fortifications as well as a large village site, and some very important discoveries are expected. Dr. Mills states that this country is the richest territory in the west for archaeological research, and he proposes to explore it thoroughly.

Read Advocate want ads, page 6.

## ASSISTING CUPID

(Copyright, 1902, by the S. S. McClure Company.)

Every business morning for more than a year Amy Preston had taken the 8:50 train from Roseland. She was a stenographer in the law offices of Bingham, Worthington & Hatch, and the 8:50 landed her at her desk ten minutes before 10. Every morning Harris French caught the 8:42 from Chatham, which enabled him to reach his office in the brokerage firm of Avery, Ellis & Co. at five minutes before 10. Incidentally it may be mentioned that the 8:42 from Chatham was the 8:50 from Roseland.

French was a member of the Roseland Progressive Equestre club because Amy Preston was also a member. After that they occupied the same seat. George King, who was the conductor on the train, had grown so used to seeing the two together that he was surprised to see French board the train one morning and make direct for the smoker. "Aren't you going back, Mr. French?" he asked as he punched his ticket.

French shook his head savagely. "No, I'm going to stay here." When Amy Preston did not board the train at Roseland, King understood that there had been a kink in the course of true love. Later on Appell told him that Miss Preston was coming into town on his train, which reached Roseland at 8:41. It was a through train and did not stop at Chatham.

The cause of the trouble was simple enough. He had been playing with Amy at the equestre club and had been in wretched form. She, on the contrary, had been winning steadily, and on the last game she and Mrs. Lane and Alice Stanton were tied for first place. She had glanced at French's card when she moved up to his table and noted with surprise that he had but three games credited to his score. "You'll have to do better than that, Harry," she said. "If you're going to play with me, or I won't be able to play off the drive."

There had been a slight panic on the street that afternoon, in which stocks had taken unaccountable drops, and the excitement had brought on a headache that left French unfit for playing. Amy's remark only added to his confusion, and the result was that he took her king with his ace and sacrificed the winning trick.

While the other leaders were deciding on the prizes French, in his befuddled state, had said things more sharply than he had intended, with the result that he had driven back to Chatham with Amy's engagement ring in his pocket. He resigned from the club, and for five weeks neither had seen the other. Each was too proud to write, and while Amy cried softly to herself as she sat in the 8:41, French smoked stronger cigars than were good for him and tried to grow interested in card games in the smoker.

King took a fatherly interest in the commuters under his charge and noted with some surprise the persistence with which Amy kept off his train. But it is not for a train conductor to regulate the love affairs of his passengers.

It was the middle of the sixth week, when, to his surprise, he saw Amy standing on the Roseland platform as the train pulled in. For the first time since the estrangement she had missed the earlier train and had to choose between the 8:50, which would get her to the office on time, and the 9:10.

"You're quite a stranger," he said as he punched her ticket, but she said nothing.

He hurried through the train back to the smoker. "Miss Preston is on the train," he said as he passed French.

The latter went red, then white, and half rose from his seat. Then he appeared to change his mind. "I suppose she has a right to ride on this train," he said shortly as he sank back into his seat, and King passed, shaking his head.

Try as he would he could not get the picture of Amy's wistful face out of his mind. When the engine whistled Chatham, which was the last station before they reached the ferry, he made up his mind to make one last effort. "Only ten minutes to town, Mr. French," he warned. "Miss Preston is in the second car behind. I guess she's been sick. She looks very poorly."

French started again to rise from his seat, and King hurried on. To his dismay, he found that Freddie Smith was sitting next to Amy Preston, and there was no seat near by. He glanced back and could see French making his way through the car ahead. He touched Freddie on the shoulder. "Will you come out on the platform, Mr. Smith," he said. "I'd like to speak to you a moment." Freddie followed wondering.

"What is it?" he asked as they stood at the door.

King grasped him by the arm, so that he could see French sitting beside Amy. "It wasn't something I wanted to say," he answered, "but I thought Mr. French might want your seat."

Freddie whistled softly. "Well, if he does," he said, "he's welcome to it. Say, King, you don't look much like Cupid; but, by Jove, I think you're his understudy! If you don't get a place in wedding cake, French is an ungrateful dog!"

Seven minutes later King stood at the gate and watched his charges stork out of the ferry. Almost the last of the trainload came French and Amy Preston. On her left hand there flashed a solitaire that had not been there when she handed up her ticket.

As they passed the gate French fished out a handsome leather cigar case and passed it over. "There are some good smokes in there, King," he said, "and keep the case too. You understand?"

And King, as he puffed a choice perfect, understood.

COLIN S. COLLINS.

## FURNITURE LOANS!

\$10.00 to \$500

Privately—Easy Weekly or Monthly Payments. Rates and terms on application. Loans made in One Hour's Time.

**New York Finance Company**  
Phone 698, 14-1-2 N. SECOND ST.

## NEW SCHOOL SUPPLIES

Our full stock of stationery and school supplies is here, and exceeds all past assortments. We believe we have been very fortunate in the buying also. This will insure your receiving high value for smallest possible cost. Soon be time to think of school supplies, and we want you to THINK OF US WHEN YOU ARE READY FOR THEM. Have bought stock with a view to doing our customers good and want you to profit by it. TABLETS, PENS, PENCILS, INK, MUSCHLAGE, ETC.

**R. W. SMITH,**  
PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST.  
Southeast corner of Square, opposite Postoffice. Both 'phones

Have you a Low Instep, then try the Shoe Made Special for

**Maybold's** One Price Shoe House,  
3 NORTH THIRD ST.  
Will fit the most difficult foot.

## NEURALGYLINE FOR THE NERVES

ARE YOUR NERVES SHATTERED? Are you on the brink of nervous prostration? Are your nerves all unstrung? Do you feel a general breaking down? If so, heed! We Americans hustle too hard, we work too much and too long, we take our nerve power to the greatest capacity. Nerves are not iron! They must give way under the great strain. Have yours not already done so? You can tell if you have by those sleepless, restless nights you have, by those constant headaches you have and by your failing appetite. If you are one of those unfortunate creatures, why don't you try a box of NEURALGYLINE, the great nerve-builder!

IT RELIEVES THE MOST SEVERE CASES OF NEURALGIA AND ALL OTHER NERVE DISORDERS.

I have been a great sufferer from neuralgia. Neuralgy has effected a permanent cure in my case. Miss E. V. Evans, Bristolville, W. Va. Have suffered for over a week with neuralgia pains in the head, unable to sleep and nearly crazed with pain. Thirty minutes after taking one Neuralgyline tablet I was completely cured.

NEURALGYLINE is for sale at every first-class druggist's in this country and Canada. Sample free. Price per box, 50 cents. Manufactured by THE NEURALGYLINE CO., WHEELING, W. VA.

## WEDDING

Of Dalton H. Miller of Newark, and Miss Lottie L. Fleming of Hanover, August 20.

(Columbus Dispatch.) One of the prettiest weddings of the season was that of Dalton H. Miller, of Hanover, Wednesday evening, Aug. 20, 1902. As the clock was striking eight the sweet strains of the wedding march played by Miss Mary Sprung, of Dresden, cousin of the bride, floated out upon the evening breezes and touched the ear of every listener, then down the broad and handsome stairway came those two who had pledged their hearts to one another, ready to be made man and wife.

The bride was a lovely creature in white, in a massive lace train and a long bridal veil. Her powers were those of the valley. Miss L. Van Vorst, sister of the groom, was bridesmaid and Mr. J. S. Smith, of Dr. C. was best man. The wedding ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. C. H. Johnson, of Newark, officiating. The wedding party consisted of the bride, groom, bridesmaid, best man, maid of honor, flower girl, ring bearer and ushers.

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## NITRIC ACID

## APPLIED TO THE "GOLD" RING BY THE DOCTOR.

The Test Proved the Ring to be Worthless but the Swindler Made His Escape.

A well dressed, good looking young man called on Dr. J. W. Alexander at his office on Church street on Saturday, and attempted to work the gold ring swindle on him. The fellow said that he has been drinking and that he had spent all his money. He claimed to be in the employ of a farmer residing just west of the city, and said that he did not want to go home until he had sobered up, and that if the Doctor would let him have a half dollar until next day he would let him have his gold ring as proof of his sincerity. The Doctor, who is possessed of a very generous nature, was on the point of letting him have the money, but concluded that he would test the ring before doing so. He told the fellow to take a seat. He then went into the next room where he tested the ring by applying nitric acid. As soon as the acid came in contact with the metal it began to fizz and turn green. The Doctor opened the door and made a dash for the swindler who bolted out of the door and was not seen again.

## RAILROAD NEWS

## Engine Explodes.

A locomotive exploded at the Chicago & Alton road near Mexico, Mo., Saturday at midnight killing Harry Markwell brakeman and fatally injuring M. L. Stevenson, fireman, Slater, Mo., L. C. Shattenberg, Slater, Mo., J. T. McMahan, Springfield, Mo., Seriously injured: M. O. Page, Slater, Mo. All of the men were riding on the locomotive when the accident occurred. The boiler was blown 200 yards and nine cars were ditched.

## B. &amp; O. Work Completed.

The work of installing the block signal system on the Baltimore and Ohio to Pittsburgh, which has been under way for two years, has been completed, and was last week put into operation between Connellsville and Cumberland. The signals have been in use for several months between Pittsburg and Connellsville.

The cost of the improvement has been about \$500,000. The work of installing the block system will be continued until all divisions of the B. & O. are equipped with the signals.

## Local Railway Notes.

Conductor C. E. Oden of the C. O. division who has been off for some time on account of injuries received while in the discharge of his duties, has recovered and returned to work.

Brakeman R. H. Jones of the C. & N. division is confined to his home with sickness.

After a short absence Brakeman Stottis has returned to work.

Brakeman C. Leonard of the L. E. division is laying off for a few days.

Brakeman J. Tollett of the C. O. division is laying off for a few days.

Conductor C. C. Smith has been marked up for work after having been off for a few days.

Conductor A. T. Irwin of the C. & N. division is working again after a short leave of absence.

O. S. McCarty has accepted a position as brakeman on the C. O. division.

Brakeman Huntsberry who had his spine badly injured some time ago, has recovered and returned to work.

Conductor Sidle of the L. E. division has returned to work.

Brakemen R. A. Chaffin and D. E. Bland of the C. O. division, have been marked up for work after having been off duty for a few days.

Brakeman McMullen of the L. E. division, has resumed work after a short rest.

Brakeman C. S. Duvall is on the sick list.

Conductor A. Woodward of the Shawnee division, is laying off for a few days.

W. E. Kyle has accepted a position as brakeman on the C. O. division and has been assigned to work on the C. O. division.

J. A. Larimore traffic chief of the Postal Telegraph Company headquarters in Pittsburgh spent Sunday at the home of his parents in this city. He returned home this morning and was accompanied by his family who have been visiting here for some time.

## LAW MAKERS

(Continued from page 1.)

from Licking county. This will probably prevent the introduction of the Governor's code bill in the house this afternoon.

Lieut. Gov. Gordon arrived from Cincinnati on a special train with the Hamilton county delegation and a brass band and a committee of the Cincinnati festival association at noon today. The party serenaded Gov. Nash in the state house at 3 o'clock this afternoon and at 3 o'clock escorted the new lieutenant governor to the Senate chamber.

## THE GOVERNOR'S HOPE.

Columbus, Aug. 25—It is Gov. Nash's hope to push the code bill through as a nonpartisan measure. If this fails, he will make it a party measure and try to force an agreement in caucus and then put the code through the Senate and House.

## A CODE AMENDMENT.

Columbus, Aug. 25—Among the amendments to the Nash code will be one offered by Judge Thomas of Huron county, which calls for the merit system in all city departments. There is also a kick because the public library and health departments are put under the control of the board of service.

## ABOUT PEOPLE

Captain Charles E. Matthews spent Sunday with friends in Millersport.

John Berry made a business trip to Vanatta Saturday.

Mr. Crist Jones and Miss Lavina Crabtree of Columbus, spent Sunday evening with Miss Mary Cramer.

'Squire James Taylor of Union township, was in the city on Monday on business.

A. J. Cada, one of the prominent residents of McKean township, was in the city on Monday.

D. C. Winegarner and James E. Thomas are home from a trip down the St. Lawrence river and to the White mountains.

Mrs. Wm. Heiple left on 104 for Wheeling today to attend the wedding of her cousin, and spend a week among friends and relatives.

Mrs. Orle Watson and son Merrill of Columbus, are spending the week with Mrs. Clem Kinney of West Ma'n street.

Miss Helen Lippincott of South Fourth street, has returned home, after a pleasant visit of a week with her aunt in Columbus.

R. G. Gosnell of Highwater, was in the city on Monday on his way home from a religious meeting he had been attending near Gratiot.

After a short visit with friends and relatives in Muskingum county, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Edwards have returned home.

Mr. George R. Gosnell of McKean township, leaves Tuesday for Tradesville, Ind., to attend the Christian Union council of the State, which meets this week.

Miss Mary Kussmaul and sister, Fannie, of Fredericktown, Maryland, and Miss Nellie Ruse of Baltimore, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Kussmaul of Granville, and other relatives here, returned to their homes last night.

J. D. Reese of Columbus, is visiting his old friends in Newark. Mr. Reese formerly resided in Newark, but went to Columbus about twenty years ago. He is a brother-in-law of Samuel J. Davis of Granville street, and is meeting with a warm welcome from his many friends here.

Mrs. Nellie Freshner, Mrs. Maggie Bippus, Mrs. Lon Clarke, Mrs. Charles Siegel and daughters, Sophia and Dora, Mr. and Mrs. John Ketter of Newark, and Mr. and Mrs. Mazlin and daughter, Clara, of Pataskala, spent Sunday in Outville, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lon Gamble.

Mr. S. E. Rhoads and his son-in-law, Mr. William Broome, who have been at the Delaware Magnetic Springs for some days, returned home Monday. They left the springs at 7.30 a. m. in Mr. Rhoads' automobile and reached Newark, a distance of 52 miles, at one o'clock p. m.

Thomas G. Brooke and son, William Lee Brooke, of Minneapolis, Minn., spent Saturday and Sunday in Newark the guests of Dr. John H. Brooke and Mrs. Emma I. Williams. Mr. Thomas Brooke was a former resident of Newark, but left her for the north-west in 1882. They left for their home on B. & O. 47 Sunday night.

## TODAY'S MARKETS.

Baltimore, Aug. 25—Flour dull, unchanged. Wheat firm; spot and August 73 to 73 1/8c, September 72 3/4 to 73c; October 72 1/2 to 72 3/4; December 71 3/4 to 72c; steamer No. 2 red, 70 1/2 to 70 3/8; Southern by sample, 68 to 73c; Southern on grade 71 to 73; Corn dull, new or old November 46 1/2 to 47; year 44 3/4 to 45c; January 45c asked; Southern white corn 62 to 63c; Southern yellow corn 63 to 64c. Oats firm; No. 2 white new 38 to 40c; No. 2 mixed new 32 to 32 1/2. Rye firm; No. 2 38c; No. 2 Western 57 to 58c. Sugar firm and unchanged; coarse granulated 47 1/2 to 48c.

East Liberty, Aug. 25—Today's cattle fair, slow, 25c lower; hogs active, 15 and 20c higher; sheep fair, 10 and 20c lower.

Chicago, Aug. 25—Today's cattle 19,000 strong; hogs 22,000 higher; sheep 26,000 steady.

Chicago, Aug. 25—Today's closing September wheat 72 1/2; corn 59 1/2; pork \$16.92.

## Groceries.

(Corrected by J. M. Browne & Sons)

Creamery Butter	25c
Butter, Country	22c
Eggs	18
Home Mills Flour 1-4	\$1.15
Clover Leaf Flour	.65c to \$1.30
Home Mills Flour 1-2	.60
Gold Medal Flour 1-4	\$1.25
Cream Cheese	.16-18
Swiss Cheese	.20
Potatoes, new, per peck	.20
Mackerel	.10-25
Lard	.14
Sugar, lump	.12
Sugar, brown	.15-12
Sugar, granulated	.16-12
Sugar, A coffee	.16
Roasted Coffee, bulk	.15-35

## Today's Local Hay and Grain.

(Corrected by C. S. Brown.)

## Buying Prices.

Hay, Timothy, old, per ton	\$10.00
Corn per bushel	.70
Straw, per ton	\$4.00
Wheat, per bushel	.65
Oats, per bushel	.40
Bats, new, per bushel	.25

## Retail Meat Market.

(Corrected by Charles Metz & Bros.)

Bacon	.13
Boiling meat	8-11
Beef chuck roast	.11
Porterhouse steak	.20
Pork chops	.15
Rib roast	.12-15
Beef rump roast	.10-12
Veal loin roast	.12-15
Veal rib and chuck roast	.12-15
Whole ham	.15
Pickled pork	.13-15
Corned beef	.8-10
Pork sausage	.12-15
Lamb	.12-15
Veal to boll and stew	.10-12
Mutton	.10-12
Boiled ham	.30

## New Gas Office Open.

The People's Gas company opened an office today at 23 1/2 South Park and will push the laying of the new gas plant as rapidly as possible. Contracts for gas can be taken at the office the terms of the contract can be seen by referring to the franchise published in another column of this issue.

## NOVELTY IN BOX CARS.

Dall Bearing Journals Permit Easy Movements.

Experiments are conducted by the Illinois Central railway in a device which is likely to revolutionize the freight carrying business, says the Chicago Record-Herald. The experiments are being made with a box car the trucks of which are fitted with ball bearing journals, which make the car run so easily that a single person can move it. This feat was easily accomplished the other day by many people who were examining the car as it stood in the yards. The bearing consists of four races of three-quarter balls. The latter are built to take the thrust of the car when going around a curve. There are 132 three-quarter balls in each journal, each of which will sustain a crushing strain of 75,000 pounds. The smaller balls will sustain a weight of 35,000 pounds.

The car in question was loaded with 80,000 pounds of steel castings and made the trip to New Orleans, where it was loaded with coffee and returned to Chicago. It is stated that the journals have an average life of seven years, which is much longer than the journals now in use. The most important advantage claimed for them is the great ease with which they can be moved. If practicable, train loads can easily be doled and hauled with the same power now used. This would mean tremendous economy in operation.

Walther's Peptonized Port is a preventative and cure for Ague and malaria, it is your own fault if you suffer.

## NEWS IN BRIEF.

Postoffice Barber Shop now open—Goodhair soap cures Prickly Heat—Sprague, Optician, 16 W. Church st. Smith & Nixon Pianos at Rawlings. Read the Advocate want ads on page 6 today.

McNeal, Union Sign Painter. Old phone, Union 132. 8-20-10t. For shoes try Maybold once. 8-13t

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Bob at their home on Boylston street, a son.

ODD FELLOWS—The regular meeting of Newark Lodge No. 623 I. O. O. F. will be held this evening, when there will be work in the degrees.

TAILORS—There will be a meeting of Tailors' Union No. 251 at W. F. Eilber's shop on Tuesday evening, Aug. 26. By order of President.

GLASS FACTORY—Fires have been started in several furnaces at the Everett glass factory preparatory to beginning work next week.

BENT WORKS—J. J. Snider has purchased the interest of W. E. Miller of Newark, in the Snider-Miller Bent Works.—Hocking Sentinel.

LABOR DAY—As the time for Labor Day is drawing near all members of organized labor in Newark should themselves see to it that their union turns out in full force on Labor Day.

Y. M. C. A.—The married men of the volley ball team eat a dinner at the expense of the single men at E. G. Fitzgerald's residence on Elm street tonight.

U. V. L. LADIES—There will be a special meeting Tuesday, August 26 at 2 p. m. (not Wednesday) at Memorial Hall. Every member is requested to attend and elect delegates to the convention.

BUCKEYE LAKE—The Pan-American club of Columbus will have an outing at Buckeye Lake Wednesday. It has over 400 members. The Fourth regiment band will go with the crowd to the lake via the Electric cars.

THROWN FROM WHEEL—While out driving on Saturday evening Wells Bernard collided with a bicyclist that was being ridden by a small boy named Riley Crouch. The boy was thrown from the wheel but sustained no injuries.

NOTICE S. A. W. V.—There will be a special meeting of the S. A. W. V. this evening at 8 p. m. Every member is urged to be present. Business of importance. By order of Charles S. Adams, Commander. Dell Farmer, Adjutant.

LABOR DAY—One week from today will be a big and exciting day in Newark. At that time Labor Day will be celebrated on a grand scale and the Elks State Reunion and Carnival will open and last for a whole week, with numerous unparalleled attractions.

REUNION—The Jones-Owens family reunion will be held at the campgrounds Wednesday, Aug. 27. These families are very numerous and when they all get together on the camp grounds, it will look as though another regiment was in possession.

BURIAL—The funeral of the late James Harold who died at his home on Railroad street, on Saturday morning last, will take place from the St. Francis de Sales church on Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock, and the interment will be made in Mt. Calvary cemetery.

ENTERTAINED—Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Cada delightfully entertained about forty friends and relatives last Thursday at their pretty country home north of Granville. An elegant course dinner was served and when time came for the guests to take their departure they all expressed themselves as having had a most delightful time.

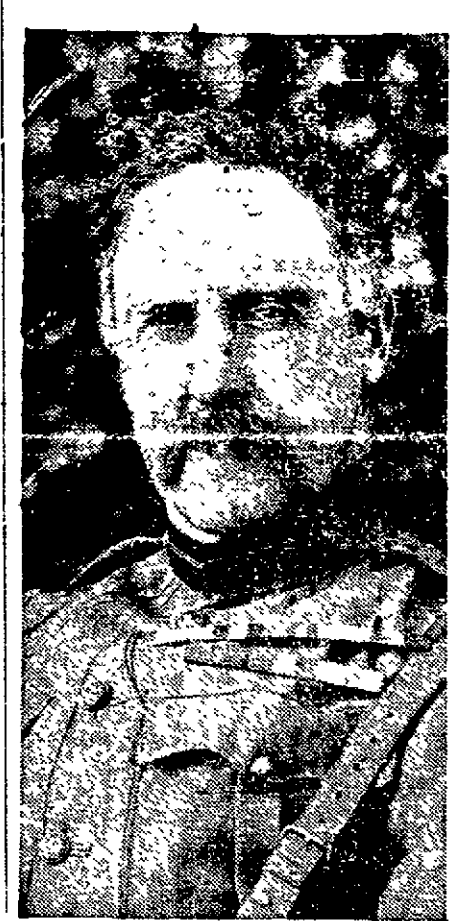
PICNIC—The following party enjoyed a picnic at Buckeye Lake yesterday: Mr. and Mrs. John Hershin, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Beckman, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Fournelle, Mrs. Steinkemper and children, W. Hechlin, Miss Lizzie Herschlin, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Burns, Mrs. August Beckman, John Cleckler, Louis Beckman, Harry Scandlin and Mrs. John Lovelle of Indiana, Pa. Mr. John Herschlin captured two large turtles at Buckeye Lake.

Miss Gracia Irwin of North Fourth street, left Sunday for a week's visit with her grandmother in Wheeling.

The Misses Lotta Beeny, Della Smith, Gertrude Smith, Goldie Hagerly, Bessie Lucas, Mary Larason, Rose Rouse and Lora Larason were guests of Oma Horton last week during institute.

Walther's Peptonized Port purifies the blood, and removes all pimples and eruptions. It never fails.

Lord Kitchener's Successor. Among the few English generals who have come out of the South African war with enhanced reputations must be numbered Lieutenant General Nev



He Gerald Lyttelton, who has been appointed to succeed General Lord Kitchener as chief of command of the troops in the former republics.

Three spectres that threaten baby's life. Cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry never fails to conquer them.

Take Walther's Peptonized Port three times a day and you will have no doctor's bills to pay. Prove this.

## THE SICK

Mrs. James Boyne of "Texas" is quite sick at the home of her father, Mr. Peter Murphy of Chestnut street.

Mrs. Sarah Miller of Webb street, has been quite sick with rheumatism but is greatly better now.

Mrs. Rose Fitzgibbon, who has been quite sick at her home on south Fourth street, for some days, is reported to be considerably better at this writing.

Mrs. Margaret Shaughnessy is sick at her home on North Fourth street.

A little Walther's Peptonized Port saves big doctor's bills, long sickness, suffering, and perhaps death.

## GEO. C. FORRY

Uncle of Mayor Forry and a Former Resident of Newark, Dies at St. Louis.

Mayor Charles C. Forry received a telegram Monday morning announcing the death of his uncle George C. Forry, general manager of the J. D. Seiberling Implement Manufacturing company, which occurred at his home in St. Louis on Sunday evening as a result of a surgical operation.

The deceased lived in Newark many years ago, going west after the war, since which time he has lived in St. Joseph, Mo., Kansas City, and St. Louis.

Mr. Forry was 63 years of age and leaves a wife and two children, Edwin of Indianapolis, and Miss Hattie J. of St. Louis.

The remains will arrive in Newark at 10 o'clock Tuesday morning, and the funeral will take place Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock, from the home of Dr. A. W. Beard, 273 Granville street, the services being private.

That invalid wife, mother, sister or child can be made healthy with Walther's Peptonized Port. Try it.

Nursing mothers need the unusual nutrition afforded by Hagee's Cordial of Cod Liver Oil (with Hypophosphites) it builds up the whole body, makes digestion strong—easy then to "eat for two."

Because Hagee's Cordial is the greatest restorative, corrective, reconstructive, it cures the grippe, coughs, colds, weak lungs, bronchitis, consumption, catarrhal conditions, nervousness, sleeplessness, indigestion, mal-assimilation, rheumatism, skin diseases, pimples, blotches, weakened conditions, following fevers; impoverished conditions of the blood—and creates more and better flesh.

Hagee restores the system to a normal condition, fortifying against illness.

Sold by all druggists. Prepared by Kathlamet Chemical Company, St. Louis, Mo.

## DR. A. W. BEARD,

DENTIST.

Office Hours—5 to 11:30, 12:30 to 5. Up-to-date methods in dentistry, Filling, Crowning and Bridge Work and Plates of all kinds. All work guaranteed. Extracting a specialty, and as near painless as possible. Gas and vitalized air used when desired. Office—First street north of Carroll's drug store, North Third street. 272 Granville street. Old phone 331.

## AN ORDINANCE

Granting to The Peoples Natural and Artificial Gas Light and Fuel Company the right and privilege to lay pipes in and through the streets, alleys, avenues, commons, bridges and public grounds and places of the City of Newark, Ohio, for the purpose of conveying and supplying natural gas and artificial gas and fuel gas to the consumers thereof and fixing and regulating the price to be charged for such natural gas for the period of ten years.

Section 1. Be it ordained by the City Council of Newark, Ohio, That The Peoples Natural and Artificial Gas Light and Fuel Company, its successors and assigns are hereby granted the privilege and interest with the right of using the said streets, lanes, avenues, alleys, bridges, commons and public grounds and places of said City for the term of twenty years for the purpose of laying pipes to be used for conveying natural gas, fuel gas and artificial gas in and through said streets, lanes, avenues, alleys, bridges, commons and public grounds and places of said City for the purpose of laying such pipes and other appliances required to convey said gas to consumers thereof, provided that all of said pipes and appliances shall be laid in a good and workmanlike manner and said pipes to be of cast or wrought iron.

Provided further that all injuries done to the streets, lanes, avenues, alleys, bridges, commons and public grounds and places shall be repaired with due diligence by The Peoples Natural and Artificial Gas Light and Fuel Company, its successors and assigns, and said streets, lanes, avenues, alleys, bridges, commons and public grounds and places left in as good condition as before.

Provided further, that said pipes shall not interfere with the drainage of sewers but the necessary construction of sewers and other underground fixtures for the conveyance of water within said City shall be the liability thereof be liable in any damage for the necessary disturbance of said pipes on account of any improvement in the drainage of said street, lanes, avenues, alleys, bridges, commons and public lands of said City, or in the construction of any public or private works.

Provided further, that The Peoples Natural and Artificial Gas Light and Fuel Company shall preserve and keep said gas safe, free and harmless from all damages and injuries thereof be liable in any damage for the necessary disturbance of said pipes on account of any improvement in the drainage of said street, lanes, avenues, alleys, bridges, commons and public lands of said City, or in the construction of any public or private works.

Provided further, that the said Peoples Natural and Artificial Gas Light and Fuel Company shall within ten days from the passage and publication of this ordinance, cause this grant in writing to the City Council.

The privilege granted by the provisions of this ordinance shall not be forfeited by the temporary suspension of operation, unless such suspension be for a period of twelve months, or more, when the City Council may declare forfeited the privilege and rights herein forfeited.

Section 2. And be it further ordained that the rate of ten years for the passage and taking effect of this ordinance, the said Peoples Natural and Artificial Gas Light and Fuel Company, its successors and assigns shall pay to the City of Newark, Ohio, a natural gas furnished at the rate of 2 1/2 per thousand cubic feet, and for the use of each meter furnished by such company at the rate of twenty cents per month and consumers shall be furnished with gas by the said company, its successors and assigns, and the meters shall be of standard make and when the consumer has paid in rent an amount equal to the amount of the cost of the meter, the same shall belong to the consumer and the rent for the meter, shall cease.

Provided further, that in the event natural gas consumed by said meter shall be paid for before the 10th of any month then the said meter shall be furnished by the said company, its successors and assigns, and the meters shall be of standard make and when the consumer has paid in rent an amount equal to the amount of the cost of the meter, the same shall belong to the consumer and the rent for the meter, shall cease.

Provided further, that the said Peoples Natural and Artificial Gas Light and Fuel Company, its successors and assigns shall while furnishing gas during said period, furnish without charge, natural gas or fuel gas for heating of the City Hall, City offices, city prison, fire department and other city buildings used for City offices only and all parts of buildings occupied by city officers.

It is further provided that in the event the consumer desires a flat rate for natural gas furnished for heating purposes, and for stores, only, to the citizens of said City of Newark, and for the period of ten years hereinafter mentioned, that the said company shall charge the following prices and no more.

For cooking stoves, No. 7 meter annual rate payable in 12 payments, \$23.85; if paid before the 10th of each month \$23.50; seven payments from October 1st to May 1st \$23.25; if paid before the 10th of each month \$23.00; five payments from May 1st to October 1st \$23.00; if paid before the 10th of each month \$22.75.

For heating stoves or grates, annual rate payable in 12 monthly payments, \$31.60; if paid before the 10th of each month \$31.25; seven payments from October 1st to May 1st \$31.00; if paid before the 10th of each month \$30.75; five payments from May 1st to October 1st \$30.75; if paid before the 10th of each month \$30.50.

Third heating stove or grate, annual rate payable in 12 monthly payments, \$41.60; if paid before the 10th of each month \$41.25; seven payments from October 1st to May 1st \$41.00; if paid before the 10th of each month \$40.75; five payments from May 1st to October 1st \$40.75; if paid before the 10th of each month \$40.50.

For laundry stoves, No. 8 meter in private residences monthly rate from October 1st to May 1st \$1.00; if paid before the 10th of each month \$1.00; five payments from May 1st to October 1st \$1.00; if paid before the 10th of each month \$0.95.

FOR FURNACES Seven months from October 1st to May 1st \$1.00; if paid before the 10th of each month \$0.95; five payments from May 1st to October 1st \$0.95; if paid before the 10th of each month \$0.90.

B-Meter \$1.00 each payment; if paid before the 10th of each month \$0.95; five payments from May 1st to October 1st \$0.95; if paid before the 10th of each month \$0.90.

D-Meter \$1.00 each payment; if paid before the 10th of each month \$0.95; five payments from May 1st to October 1st \$0.95; if paid before the 10th of each month \$0.90.

E-Meter \$1.00 each payment; if paid before the 10th of each month \$0.95; five payments from May 1st to October 1st \$0.95; if paid before the 10th of each month \$0.90.

F-Meter \$1.00 each payment; if paid before the 10th of each month \$0.95; five payments from May 1st to October 1st \$0.95; if paid before the 10th of each month \$0.90.

G-Meter \$1.00 each payment; if paid before the 10th of each month \$0.95; five payments from May 1st to October 1st \$0.95; if paid before the 10th of each month \$0.90.

H-Meter \$1.00 each payment; if paid before the 10th of each month \$0.95; five payments from May 1st to October 1st \$0.95; if paid before the 10th of each month \$0.90.

I-Meter \$1.00 each payment; if paid before the 10th of each month \$0.95; five payments from May 1st to October 1st \$0.95; if paid before the 10th of each month \$0.90.



## AN ORDINANCE

OF THE CITY OF NEWARK, OHO, TO RAISE MONEY TO PAY FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A FIRE DEPARTMENT BUILDING, CORNER OF NORTH FOURTH AND SIXTH STREETS.

Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of Newark, Ohio:

Section 1. That for the purpose of raising money to pay for the construction of a fire department building, at the corner of North Fourth and Sixth streets, in the City of Newark, Ohio, by virtue of an act of the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, entitled, "An act to amend section 2325, 2326 and 2327, and to repeal section 2327a of the Revised Statutes of Ohio, authorizing the issue of bonds by cities, villages, hamlets and townships," passed April 29, 1902, bonds of the City of Newark, Ohio, shall be issued in denominations of One Thousand Dollars each, to the aggregate amount of Six Thousand Dollars (\$6,000.00). Said bonds shall be numbered consecutively from 1 to 6 and dated September 1, A. D. 1902.

Said bonds shall be due and payable as follows:

No. 1 due September 1, 1903.  
No. 2 due September 1, 1904.  
No. 3 due September 1, 1905.  
No. 4 due September 1, 1906.  
No. 5 due September 1, 1907.  
No. 6 due September 1, 1908.

They shall bear interest from said 1st day of September, 1902, at the rate of five per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first days of January and July, of each year, for which purpose interest coupons shall be annexed and made a part of said bonds, and both principal and interest shall be payable at the office of the Treasurer of said City of Newark.

Section 2. Each bond shall be signed by the Mayor and Clerk of said city, officially, in their own handwriting, and have the corporate seal of said city affixed thereto; to each coupon shall have printed thereon a facsimile of the signature of the City Clerk of said city. The said annual interest of said City of Newark, Ohio, is hereby irrevocably pledged for the payment of said bonds, principal and interest.

Section 3. The Finance Committee of the Council of said City of Newark, Ohio, is hereby authorized and directed to advertise the sale of said bonds, as required by law, to have said bonds and interest coupons properly prepared and executed, in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance and said statute, and to have the same duly recorded and registered in the Office of the City Clerk of said city, to negotiate and sell the same in the manner prescribed by law for bonds issued by the City of Newark, Ohio, at not less than par.

Section 4. The proceeds of the sale of said bonds shall be paid into the City Treasury, by said Finance Committee, and properly deposited and set aside in a fund for the said improvement, and shall be applied solely to the payment of the cost and expenses of said improvement.

Section 5. To say the principal of said bonds at maturity, and the interest thereon as it accrues, then shall be levied and collected by said city upon all taxable property therein, a tax additional to the tax levied for other purposes in amount sufficient therefor, the same to be certified to the Auditor of Licking County, Ohio, to be by him placed on the tax duplicate for collection according to law.

Section 6. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and legal publication.

Passed August 19, 1902.

HARRY W. ROSSELL, Pres.

F. T. MAURATH, City Clerk.

ESCAPED AN AVALANCHE.

Thrilling Experience of Western Union Experts on Pike's Peak.

Colonel T. P. Cook, general superintendent of Chicago, and Colonel J. J. Dickey, superintendent of the Western Union, Omaha, met with a heart-breaking experience at the summit of Pike's peak, Colorado, the other day, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. They had been summoned as experts to devise means of maintaining wire communications with that station. They recommended a half mile of cable held down by granite blocks.

In the course of their observations they descended some distance from the summit. The distinguished party was preparing to return when bowlders from the size of a man's hand to those weighing hundreds of pounds began to roll down the precipice in such close proximity to them that their lives depended upon dodging them. Colonel Cook, who is rather small of stature, managed to escape the fusillade by lying low, but with Colonel Dickey, he being a six footer, all depended upon his quick eye and ability to dodge. After the shower of rock, dirt and moss ceased and the party could straighten up and look around they beheld half a dozen beautiful specimens of wild Rocky mountain sheep, who in their mad flight to escape the gaze of man were tearing loose the bowlders above them, and all felt greatly relieved when they realized that the siege was over. The attack lasted twenty minutes.

## NOVEL CAMPAIGN IDEA.

Prohibition Spelldancers Will Tour Minnesota in Giant Automobile.

A giant automobile, with accommodations for a number of spelldancers, a male quartet and a brass band, will tour the state of Minnesota during the approaching state campaign, says the New York Times. It has been drafted into service by the state central committee of the Prohibition party.

It is their belief that the horseless wagon will "give them the ears" of ten times the number of voters they could hope to reach by the old method of holding meetings in halls, and opera houses and that it will enable their candidates to much more thoroughly cover the territory comprising their several constituencies.

The automobile has four seats, each wide enough to accommodate three persons. On one side, between the wheels, is a small platform for the speaker. The machine is fitted with a twenty-eight horsepower gasoline engine and with wide, solid rubber traction tires especially adapted to carry the auto over almost any condition of road. It will maintain a speed of from ten to twelve miles an hour on average country roads and is guaranteed to carry its big load up a 40 per cent grade.

The plan of the "cold water people" is to put the machine at work at the state fair at Minneapolis in September and immediately after to start on a tour of the state. The candidate for governor on the Prohibition ticket, Charles Scanlon, will be with the company most of the time. Towns to be visited will be posted with announcements of the coming of the vehicle.

The campaigners will roll into the town as near schedule time as possible, take a turn around two or three blocks to the blare of their brass band, swing up on the busiest corner and foist their Prohibition oratory on the voters.

## FOR GROWING GIRLS.

How to Dress Them Prettily and in Good Taste.

[Special Correspondence.]

New York, Aug. 25.—It is more difficult to find the right thing for a girl of from thirteen to seventeen than at any other period of her existence from cradle to grave. When she is a baby, custom sets the rule, and when she is a child there are but too many pretty things for her, but when she reaches the age of thirteen and from then to say, seventeen it is not easy to dress her so that all the angularity of a young colt will not be suggested by her appearance.

The other day I came across several novel and really wise devices in design calculated to make the angel of the household look as sweet as she is and perhaps to even suggest wings. To a



MODEL DRESS FOR YOUNG GIRL.

certain extent the dresses for growing girls resemble those of their mothers and big sisters, but there is always the unformed figure to take into consideration. So the clever designer fixes this by putting much more fullness comparatively in the skirt, and much of that is massed at the top in places where the case seems to demand it. Around the bottom should be as much trimming as the nature of the material and the requirements of the dress demand. Narrow ruffles and full dounces are best. The shaped flounce is not so youthful in appearance as the plain gathered ones.

In the illustration is shown a model for a young girl's dress in which all those questions have been studied and worked out. The skirt is wide and gathered all around, though the gores are cut in the front breadths to shape it. At the hips the material is shirred closely and made firm by a lining, fastened down to the foundation by some kind of trimming like feather stitching in coarse silk or by some of the coarse braids. In case of the dress being of extra fine stuff there may be narrow lace with ribbon to match the color run through. This is a favorite way of trimming so many things now that it goes on almost anything. But for plainer gowns plainer trimming may be applied.

Feather stitching is always pretty and refined and is frequently put on the handsomest of dresses. This is most often made at home, but many of the prettiest of the fall garments show it. Trimming of whatever kind should go three times around slender hips, and the clever dressmaker will know how to add to its fullness over the hips all around. At the bottom the manner of trimming can be governed by circumstances. If the dress is for school or every day, the garlishing can be suited to its requirement. If for "nice," anything suited to the material can be added.

The waist next has attention so as to supply all deficiencies. The yoke portion is gathered, plaited or, better still, shirred closely and made rather stiff by having the shirring and trimming fastened to the lining. Down the center is a line of some kind of ornamentation, whatever is suited, and the rest is gathered into a blouse shape over a fitted lining. The back is finished in the same way, save that the waist opens there. The stock is high, but not too tight. The sleeves are shirred at the shoulder and trimmed in the same general way and end at the elbow for a party dress, but are long for everyday wear. The shirring and roundabout way of trimming the upper part of the waist and sleeves add to the width across the shoulders.

The model can be developed in woolen as well as cotton or silk material, all that is necessary being to remember to have the skirt full and to stand away from the limbs by means of the rather stiff trimming around the bottom.

Sashes quite wide are used with such frocks as are to be worn for dressy occasions, but generally a belt is suggested by a band of velvet.

OLIVE HARPER.

## BASE BALL

..AND..

## OTHER SPORTS.

Saturday's and Sunday's base ball games resulted as follows:

## NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Saturday's results:  
New York 4, St. Louis 3.  
Philadelphia 9, Cincinnati 7.  
Brooklyn 9, Pittsburgh 8.  
Chicago 14, Boston 5.

Sunday's games:

At St. Louis— R H E  
St. Louis ..... 4 12 6  
New York ..... 3 10 1  
Batteries: O'Neil and Ryan, Cronin and Bowerman.

At Chicago— R H E  
Chicago ..... 2 3 4  
Brooklyn ..... 7 12 1

Batteries: Rhoades, Lundgren and Kling, Newton and Wall.

Second Game: R H E  
Chicago ..... 8 11 6  
Brooklyn ..... 5 7 7

Batteries: Taylor, Williams and Kling, Donovan and Wall.

At Cincinnati— R H E  
Cincinnati ..... 6 12 6  
Pittsburgh ..... 8 11 4

Batteries: Phillips and Maloney, Philippi and Zimmer.

Second Game: R H E  
Cincinnati ..... 9 12 6  
Pittsburgh ..... 4 13 2

Batteries: Poole and Bergen, Cushman and Hopkins.

## AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Saturday's results:  
Philadelphia 12, Cleveland 1.  
Baltimore 14, Chicago 8.

Washington 6, Detroit 2.  
Boston 1, St. Louis 0.

RECORD BREAKING CROWD.

The largest crowd that ever attended a base ball game in Cincinnati attended the double-header on Sunday

between the Reds and the champion Pirates, there being 25,000 people on the grounds, necessitating a ground rule. There was a great amount of enthusiasm on tap and as the home team won one of the games, everybody was satisfied. The crowd on Sunday demonstrates conclusively that Cincinnati is one of the greatest base ball cities in the United States, with a good team owned by local men.

KELLEY AFTER PITCHERS.

Joe Kelley, captain of the Cincinnati team Saturday sent telegrams to about a dozen of the best pitchers in the American League, asking them for terms if they had not already signed for 1903. The men wired included Joss and Moore, Cleveland, Powell, St. Louis, Young and Dineen, Boston, Plank, Philadelphia. President Herman says he will not tamper with any player under contract, unless an attempt is made to get men who have already signed with him.

ENGLISHMEN NEARING THE FINALS.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 25.—No American has yet been found to stop the progress of Doherty brothers toward the final national tennis championship tournament. Both Saturday won their matches and unless M. D. Whitman, the former champion, can undo one of the visitors the foreigners will carry away the singles trophy, as well as the doubles. H. L. Doherty beat H. F. Allen, 6—0, 6—2, 6—4, and R. F. Doherty defeated W. J. Clothier, 3—6, 7—5, 6—3, 6—2.

The other match of the day was that between Whitman and Krieger Collins of Chicago, the former winning 6—0, 6—2, 6—4. Now only Lee E. Ware of Boston and L. H. Waldner of Chicago stand between the Doherty and the semi-final round, and neither is expected to quite come up to the requirements.

The important question at the conclusion of play Saturday was which Doherty would continue and meet Whitman in the finals. The general opinion seemed to be that the elder brother, R. F., would wish for one more chance at Whitman, and by defeating him retrieve the prestige lost in the Davis international cup contest at Bay Ridge. The feeling is general that Whitman alone stands between the Englishmen and the championship, comparatively little confidence being placed in Larned's ability to defend his title.

DAN PATCH LOWERS HIS RECORD.

Dan Patch, 2:00 3-4, went a mile at Readville, Mass., Saturday, in an attempt to lower the pacing record, and clipped a half second of his own record, but failed to lower the world's record of 1:59 1-4, pacing the mile in 2:00 14. Ten thousand people witnessed the very creditable performance.

nessed the very creditable performance.

## YALE FOOTBALL.

The Yale football coaches received quite a shock during last week, when news came that Johnny De Saulles, last year's quarter-back, and the great full-back Weymouth, would not return to college this fall, both having decided to go into business. Seven of last year's veterans will return, and as there will be a number of last year's substitutes a good team will be placed in the field.

## WHICH WILL WIN?

Close and interesting as has been the race for the American League pennant all year, with but five weeks more to go many of the most conservative of the critics are now pronouncing it the greatest in the history of major league base ball.

In the last two eastern trips the Western clubs have put Comiskey's two-time champions, temporarily at least, out of first position, and during the past fortnight Connie Mack's Athletics have assumed a lead which in so close a race is at least formidable.

In their present positions, however, all four of the leaders—Philadelphia, Chicago, Boston and St. Louis—have a good fighting chance for the championship.

The club standing Sunday was as follows:

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Philadelphia	99	58	41	.596
Boston	103	57	46	.558
Chicago	101	55	46	.545
St. Louis	100	54	46	.540
Cleveland	105	52	54	.486
Washington	104	48	56	.461
Baltimore	103	43	60	.417
Detroit	99	37	62	.391

Green of the Chicago White Sox gained three points during the week, and now leads with 332, while Davy Jones leads Selee's recruits with 315 the same as last week.

Mothers lose their dread for "that terrible second summer" when they have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the house. Nature's specific for summer complaints of every sort.

## The Davis Trophy.

Dwight F. Davis of St. Louis is the donor of the international trophy which the visiting English tennis players, R. F. and H. L. Doherty and Dr. Joshua Pim, failed to win at the recent matches at the Crescent Athletic club, Bay Ridge, N. Y. The Davis cup is emblematic of the international championship in singles, which was won by the American team, consisting of Malcolm D. Whitman of Boston, for-



DWIGHT F. DAVIS OF ST. LOUIS, THE FAMOUS TENNIS EXPERT.

mer champion of the United States, and William A. Larned of Summit, N. J., the present champion.

Davis is one of the leading players in the country, ranking about sixth in the official rating of the National Lawn Tennis association, and with Halcombe Ward of Orange, N. J., captured the doubles championship of the country. He is also an able golfer and polo player.

## Brooklyn's Second Base Men.

Wheeler is beginning to show signs of batting ability. Should his stick work improve to any extent he will easily crowd Tim Flood out of the latter's job as guardian of second base on the Brooklyn team. Wheeler proves the better stickler will be played regularly. Both are on a par as regards fielding ability.

## A Speedy Yearling.

A yearling filly, owned in Kentucky, by Belshire, 2:18, dam by Jay Bird, trotted a quarter in forty-one seconds and an eighth in nineteen the fifth time she was on the track.

## Wouldn't Wear a Glove.

Yeager is one of the few catchers who will not wear a glove, and, unfortunately as it is, his reward came in the shape of a badly split hand that puts him out of the game for awhile.

## CHAMP CLARK STORIES

## Lawmakers Wax Merry When Work Is Laid Aside.

Many Humorous Tales Related in the Cloakroom—First Cases of Lawyers Furnish Food for Reminiscence. How General Noble Won a Murder Case—A Heavy Play in Court—Senator Vest and the Dog—Running for the Legislature Before the War.

[Copyright, 1902, by Champ Clark.]

Owen Meredith says:

Oh, hour of all hours, the most blessed upon earth—

Blessed hour of our dinner! The land of his birth.

The face of his first love, the bills that he owes, The twaddle of friends and the venom of foes, The sermon he heard when to church he last went, The money he borrowed, the money he spent—

All of these things a man, I believe, may forget And not be the worse for forgetting, but yet Never, never, oh, never earth's luckiest sinner Hath unpunished forgotten the hour of his dinner!

That is probably true as to the average man. Besides his dinner, there is at least another thing a lawyer never forgets while memory holds her sway, and that is his first case. To him that is what the crossing of the Rubicon was to Caesar, and opens up a new world. He is no longer a neophyte. He is a full fledged member of an honorable and lucrative profession. "Experience meetings" as to first cases are frequently held in the cloakroom. General John W. Noble, a splendid lawyer, who was secretary of the interior under the younger Harrison, thus describes his first case:

## General Noble's First Case.

"My first case? This is indeed a long call, but you may be sure I remember it. The year 1835 found me in St. Louis, a graduate of Yale, admitted to the bar first at Columbus, O., and soon after at St. Louis, having been examined there by Judge Alexander Hamilton. I could have drawn a draft on time and paid it easily, for I had plenty of time! Other means were scant. Thus, sitting in the criminal court one day, came my first case in a court of record. The criminal court was then located at the southeast corner of Sixth and Market streets, on the second floor of a two story brick building, and the old stone jail was just in the rear of it on the block there. James R. Lackland was judge, and Henry A. Clover was circuit attorney. I had become acquainted with Judge Lackland sufficiently for him to recognize me. A case was called wherein the defendant was charged with murder, and he being poor and without counsel, the judge spoke out, it seemed very loud to me, 'Mr. Noble, you will take this man's case and defend him.'

"The case was continued to give a chance for preparation. I went over to the jail with the defendant and talked the matter over. His name was Middleton, and the man he had shot was called 'Buffalo Frank,' a Frenchman, who spent much of his time out on the plains and came to St. Louis occasionally and then raised a good deal of disturbance. Middleton was a member of a fire engine company. The fire engines in those days were worked by hand, and the engine houses were occupied by young fellows who were not able to throw into the service all the virtues for the small pay they received. 'Buffalo Frank' frequented these places, and there arose a quarrel between him and the defendant about down about Second and Spruce streets.

"Buffalo Frank" pursued Middleton with a spanner, was close upon him and about to strike him with this deadly weapon when Middleton as he ran drew an old brass single barreled pistol and, reaching with his right arm under his left, fired, and the ball went through the heart of his assailant, who fell dead in his tracks.

"This fact was the alleged crime. Now, that spanner was the central fact in the case. A spanner is a wrench with a curve to fit the bronze joints of a water hose so as to fasten or unfasten it. It has a handle of a foot or more, and this particular spanner was so large and so heavy that it was known to all the boys who ran with the 'machine,' for they spent their time mostly discussing such matters as related to the hose, the engine and themselves. I went about among the young fellows for many days and got my witnesses and was ready with all the facts.

## Weighty Evidence.

"I thought it would be a good plan for the witness who was to identify the spanner to drop it, so as to impress the jury with its weight, and so as he sat on the high chair where the witnesses were then placed drop it he did, and it bounced the boards at his feet and raised a great dust. It was a heavy play. The result on all the evidence was that Judge Lackland instructed that it was a clear case of self defense, and under his direction a verdict of not guilty was rendered without the jury leaving the box.

"If that could have been achieved in a smaller town, it would have been deemed a great victory and of great advantage to the young lawyer, but in this great city it was unnoticed.

"During the imprisonment of Middleton he had been constantly visited by his old and affectionate mother. She said her son did not like to be alone in the dark in prison, and out of my means I supplied him with candles. When he was acquitted, he shook my hand cordially and said if he lived he would pay me a good fee. He went on a steambath to New Orleans as a deck-hand, and as he walked down the plank to the shore soon after his arrival there he was shot and killed, possibly by some friend of 'Buffalo Frank.'

Thus the fee was also eliminated, the candles extinguished, and you have the memories of my first case of 40 years ago. I think I felt more anxiety and slept less during the whole time before his acquittal than my client did."

Vest's Sarcasm.

Senator George Graham Vest's wit is proverbial, and stories concerning him are continually cropping up in the cloakroom. Frank C. Frayne tells this anecdote of him:

"In October, 1876, Senator Vest made a political speech in the courthouse at Warrensburg one evening while in attendance upon a term of the Johnson county circuit court. The courtroom was packed almost to suffocation, and Vest was in his happiest vein. In the audience was an editor who disliked Vest both personally and politically, and during the speech he frequently interrupted Vest with questions. To the amazement of everybody, the speaker treated his tormentor with great courtesy and forbearance, answering all of his questions promptly and seriously and submitting to the repeated interruptions without betraying the least impatience or irritation. After this had gone on for some time, and people were wondering when things would begin to happen with that editor, he again interrupted the speaker with a long and involved question. Vest stood quietly looking at his interlocutor until he had concluded his question, when just at that moment and while the audience was perfectly quiet awaiting Vest's answer a little yellow, bench legged fellow came jumping up the aisle immediately in front of the judge's stand, in which Vest was standing, barking furiously at him. As quick as a flash Vest turned and, pointing his finger at the dog, said: 'One at a time, sir. You are out of your turn. Wait till I get through with the other one; then I'll reply to you.'

"The scene that followed may be imagined, but cannot be described. It is unnecessary to say that he was not interrupted again during that speech."

Running for the Legislature.

One of the best stories in the extensive repertoire of Luman F. Parker, general solicitor for the St. Louis and San Francisco railway, is how Captain Jefferson Johnson "run" for the legislature away back before the war.

Captain Johnson was one of the representative citizens of Maries county, Mo., a man of wealth and influence, but a little learning. He decided that he would like to go to the legislature. There was no Republican party in Maries county then, and usually a number of Democrats ran against each other independently. In this canvass Captain Johnson was opposed by a man named Graham, who had recently come from Pennsylvania. Graham was a schoolmaster and a man of unusual learning for those times. He was also a ready and forcible talker and entered the race against Captain Johnson, whose education did not extend much beyond ability to write his name, with confidence of an easy victory.

The campaign was scarcely under way before Graham proposed a joint debate.

"All right," said Johnson in his easy, good natured way. "I don't know much about debating, but if I other fellow kin do I reckon I kin too."

So the debate was arranged. It was opened at a big barbecue and picnic at Lige Jones', on the edge of Lane's prairie. The day arrived and with it about half the population of the county. Graham went to Captain Johnson and intimated that he would like to open and close the debate. Johnson assented.

"You're welcome to take first whurr at me," he said. "I guess I kin make out with what's left."

Why Johnson Was Elected.

It was agreed that Graham was to have an hour to open and half an hour to reply, while Mr. Johnson was to speak for an hour and a half without intermission. The people assembled about the stand to hear the flow of oratory. Graham made a splendid speech, full of good arguments and humor. When his time was up, he sat down feeling that he was already elected. Then Captain Johnson rose.

"I don't know 'zactly what I'm expected to do," he said, "but as Mr. Graham has made you a speech, an mighty fine one, I guess I'll do something else. So I've made up my min' to let him do the speakin' in this here debate, an' I'll do the treatin'. If you fellows'll jest go over ther behind that clump of bushes, you'll find a keg of as fine apple brandy as you ever tasted. Take the tin cup off the hook an' help yourselves."

And Johnson sat down. The voters drank and ate at his expense for the hour he was supposed to have spoken, and when the time came for Graham's rejoinder it was discovered that he had left the grounds. It is almost unnecessary to add that Captain Johnson was elected by an enormous majority.

Captain Johnson was blessed with a splendid appetite. When he got to Jefferson City, he stopped at a boarding house, where everybody sat at a long table and the landlady occupied the head and served her guests. Captain Johnson's first meal was dinner, and chicken was the principal dish. The landlady asked him what part of the chicken he would have.

"I ain't partic'lar," replied Johnson. "It don't make much difference what part I begin on. I'll eat it all before I'm done."

Captain Johnson died a few years ago at a ripe age and left a whole quarter section of land to be divided among his numerous descendants. His oldest son is now a member of the Maries county bar. His name is C. F. Johnson, which was bestowed by his respected sire. The initials stand for California, "C for Cal and F for fornia," as Captain Johnson frequently explained.

CHAMP CLARK.

## B. &amp; O. EXCURSIONS

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad and the Civil War, 1861-1865.

Excursion tickets are sold every Sunday between all local stations west of the Ohio river on the Baltimore & Ohio at rate of one fare for the round trip, good going and returning on date of sale only.

COLORADO, UTAH, SOUTH DAKOTA.—The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Co. will sell low rate excursion tickets to points in Colorado, Utah and South Dakota during June, July, August and September.

SOUTH AND SOUTH-EAST.—On first and third Tuesdays of June, July, August, September and October, 1902, the Baltimore & Ohio railroad will sell Homeseekers' Excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates to points in the South and Southeast.

WHEELING, W. VA.—On Sunday, Aug. 31st, the B. & O. will sell excursion tickets to Wheeling at rate of \$1.25 for the round trip. Special train leaves Newark at 7 a. m. Returning train leaves Wheeling at 6:00 p. m. Central time.

MOUNTAIN LAKE PARK—July 25 to August 28, inclusive, the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company will sell excursion tickets from all local stations west of the Ohio river to Mountain Lake Park, Md., at rate of one fare for the round trip, account Women's Foreign Missionary Society, Chautauqua Meeting and National Archery Association. Tickets will be good for return until September 1, 1902.

NORFOLK, VA.—Sept. 3, 4 and 5, the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company will sell excursion tickets from all local stations west of the Ohio River to Norfolk, Va., at rate of one fare for the round trip, account Great Council Improved Order of Red Men. Tickets will be good for return until September 16, 1902.

LIMA—Sept. 22 and 23, the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company will sell excursion tickets from all local stations in Ohio to Lima, O., at rate of one fare for the round trip, account Grand Council Royal and Select Masons; Grand Chapter of Ohio Royal Arch Masons. Tickets will be good for return until Sept. 26, 1902.

CHATTANOOGA—Sept. 16 and 17, the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company will sell low rate excursion tickets from all stations west of the Ohio River to Chattanooga, Tenn., account Sherman Brigade Union, good for return until October 5, 1902.

SANDUSKY—Sept. 1 and 2, the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company will sell excursion tickets from all local stations in Ohio to Sandusky, Ohio, at rate of one fare for the round